THE BEAVER ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY in the old Argus building, on THIRD STREET, BEAVER, PA., at

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Single copies of the paper will be furnished, in wrappers, at *five cents* each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention, favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEYAND, *Editor & Proprietor.*

NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to Ephraim Smith, by note or otherwise, are requested to call at the Fallston Woolen Mill, without delay, and settle their indebtedness.

EPHRAIM SMITH.

jy3 67:8mos.

NOTICE.

The undersigned having purchased the Fallston Woolen Mill, formerly owned by Ephraim Smith, and fitted it up with the most improved machinery, are prepared to manufacture Woolen Goods in the best possible manner; comprising Blankets, Cloth, Jeans, Yarn, Etc.

We also keep on hand goods of our own manufacture to exchange for wool or cash.

CASS & LOBLEY.

July1, 67:3mos.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that the undersigned commissioners, appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Beaver county, to examine the proposed change of the line between Brighton and Borough townships and report as to the propriety of making that change in said line prayed for in the petition of citizens of said townships, will meet at the store of M. & S. H. Darragh, in Borough township, at 10 A. M., on Thursday, the 22d day of August, 1867, and from thence proceed to the discharge of the duties of their appointment.

A. P. LACOCK.
DAVID FERGUSON.
ROBERT BRADSHAW.

Peoples Savings Bank of Pittsburg!

INCORPORATED IN 1866.

CAPITAL - - - $100.000.

OFFICE NO. 90, FOURTH STREET.

PRESIDENT:
HENRY LLOYD.

VICE PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM REA.

TRUSTEES:

HENRY LLOYD, JAMES L. BENNETT, E. P. JONES, WM. M. GORMLY, WILLIAM REA, JAMES LIPPINCOTT, JOHN D. SCULLY, WILLIAM A. HERRON.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER:
SIDNEY F. VON BONNHORST.

6ix per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Investments made in United States, State of Pennsylvania and Real Estate Securities. Bank open daily (Sundays excepted) from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 4 o'clock, P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 9 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE.—Interest will be allowed from 1st of July.—Time deposits will bear interest from 1st or 15th of each month if made prior to or on those dates.

jy3 67:3mos.

TINWARE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware.

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON HAND all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell

AT THE LOWEST PRICES!!

Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job Work

Done to order in the best possible manner, and at the shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material, and having none but the best of workmen,

WE WARRANT ALL WORK!

SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF

Third Street.

BEAVER, PA.

Give us a Call, and Examine our Stock.

Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.

my16:67 O. R. ANSHUTZ.

The Greatest

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

—AT—

Nelson & Roessler's

Next door to WILSON & STEWART'S

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

A complete line of

Dry Goods, Trimmings, Notions

And a large variety of HATS, all of which are offered at Prices

Without Regard to Cost.

Call and examine our Goods and judge for yourself.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 49—No. 35. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, August 28, 1867. Established 1818.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to TEN lines of this type measured as a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged TEN cents a line for each insertion.

Marriages and deaths announced free of charge.

The publisher reserves the right to change advertisements from one place in the paper to another, whenever it is desirable to do so.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

List of Premiums

To be awarded at the Fourteenth Annual Fair of the Beaver County Agricultural Society, to be held at Beaver, Pa., on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 2d, 3d and 4th, 1867.

PRESIDENT—HUGH ANDERSON.

VICE PRESIDENTS—M. Darragh, J. R. M'Donald and H. Gochring.

REC. SEC—J. R. Harrah.

COR. SEC—Joseph Lodlic.

TREASURER—Joseph C. Wilson.

MANAGERS—*East Side*—F. W. Williams, J. J. Hazen, John L. Wolf, John Baxter, James Warnock.

WEST SIDE—Andrew Carothers, John Slentz, Esq., R. R. Wray, Samuel Gibson, W. A. Laird.

SOUTH SIDE—Robert Potter, John K. Potter, George W Shroads, Jas. C. Ritchie, Jos. A. Fleming.

CLASS NO. 1—FARMS AND GARDENS.

Best cultivated farm of not less than 50 acres; strict attention being paid to the style and condition of outhouses, farming, skillful management, etc $3 00
2d best do do 5 00
best cultivated vegetable garden 3 00
2d best cultivated vegetable garden 2 00
best flower and ornamental garden 3 00
2d best flower and ornamental garden 2 00

JUDGES.—William Henry, Richey Eakin and John McKee.

CLASS NO. 2—GRAPE VINEYARD.

Best Grape Vineyard of not less than 500 vines; strict attention being paid to the cultivation and condition of the vines $10 00
2d best do do 5 00
(Same Judges as above.)

NOTE.—Competitors desiring to enter classes Nos. 1 and 2 must furnish the Sec'y with their names before the 15th of Sept., 1867.

NOTE 2D.—The necessary traveling expenses of the Judges on classes No. 1 and 2 will be paid by the Society.

NOTE 3D.—The Judges on all the several classes are required to call at the Secretary's office at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the ground on the first day of the fair, before entering upon their duties, and procure a blank report. Any Committee failing to do this, the Secretary is authorized to reject their report.

CLASS NO. 3—HORSES.

Best blooded stallion 4 years and upward $10 00
2d best blooded stallion 4 years and upward 7 00
best blooded stallion 3 years and upward 7 00
2d best blooded stallion 3 years and upward 5 00
best blooded stallion two years and upward 3 00
2d best blooded stallion 2 years and upward 2 00
best blooded stallion 1 year and upward 3 00
2d best blooded stallion 1 year and upward 2 00
best blooded mare, must show her stock, 4 years old and upward 5 00
2d best blooded mare, must show her stock 4 yrs old and upward 4 00
best spring colt 2 00
2d best spring colt 1 00
best stallion for all purposes, 4 years and upward 10 00
best stallion for all purposes 4 yrs & upward 7 00
best stallion for all purposes, 3 years and upward 7 00
2d best stallion for all purposes, 3 yrs. & upward 5 00
best stallion for all purposes, 2 years and upward 3 00
2d best stallion for all purposes, 2 yrs and upward 2 00
best stallion for all purposes, 1 year and upward 3 00
2d best stallion for all purposes, 1 year and upward 2 00
best brood mare, must show her stock, 4 years old and upward 5 00
2d best brood mare, must show her stock, 4 yrs old and upward 4 00
best heavy draft stallion, 4 years and upward 10 00
2d best heavy draft stallion, 4 years and upward 7 00
best heavy draft stallion, 3 years and upward 7 00
2d best heavy draft stallion, 3 years and upward 5 00
best heavy draft stallion, 2 years and upward 3 00
2d best heavy draft stallion, 2 years and upward 2 00
best heavy draft stallion, 1 year and upward 3 00
2d best heavy draft stallion, 1 year and upward 2 00
best heavy draft mare, to show her stock, 4 years and upward 5 00
2d best heavy draft mare, to show her stock, 4 yrs and upward 4 00
best span match horses or mares 6 00
2d best span match horses or mares 4 00
best family carriage horse or mare 4 00
2d best matin carriage horse or mare 3 00
best gelding, 4 years old and upward 4 00
2d best gelding 4 years old and upward 3 00
best gelding, 3 years and upward 3 00
2d best gelding 3 years and upward 2 00
best gelding, 2 years and upward 2 00
2d best gelding, 2 years and upward 1 00
best gelding, 1 year and upward 2 00
2d best gelding, 1 year and upward 1 00
best mare, 4 years and upward 6 00
2d best mare, 4 years and upward 4 00
best mare, 3 years and upward 3 00
2d best mare, 3 years and upward 2 00
best mare 2 years and upward 2 00
2d best mare, 2 years and upward 1 00
best mare, 1 year old 2 00
2d best mare, 1 year old 1 00
best saddle horse or mare 6 00
2d best saddle horse or mare 4 00
best trotting horse or mare 10 00
2d best trotting horse or mare 7 00
best pacer or racker 10 00
2d best pacer or racker 7 00
best strait walking horse or mare; ten per cent entrance fee charged 10 00
2d best straight walking horse or mare; 10 per cent entrance fee charged 7 00
best span heavy draft horses or mares 6 00
2d best span heavy draft horses or mares 4 00
best heavy draft horse or mare, 4 years and upward 4 00
2d best heavy draft horse or mare, 4 years and up 3 00
best heavy draft horse or mare, 3 years and up 3 00
2d best heavy draft horse or mare, 3 years and up 2 00
Best Jennie 5 00
2d best Jennie 3 00
best Jack 5 00
2d best Jack 3 00
best span of mules, 4 years and upward 6 00
2d best span of mules, 4 years and upward 4 00
best mule colt 2 00
2d best mule colt 1 00

JUDGES.—Thos. Hunter, Milo Grove and Capt. John Brown.

CLASS NO. 4—CATTLE.

Best Durham bull 3 years or over 10 00
2d best Durham bull 3 years or over 8 00
best Durham bull 2 years or over 6 00
2d best Durham bull 2 years or over 4 00
best Durham bull 1 year or over 3 00
2d best Durham bull 1 year or over 2 00
best Durham bull 6 months or over 1 00
2d best Durham bull 6 months or over 1 00
best Durham cow 3 years or over 8 00
2d best Durham cow 3 years or over 6 00
best Durham cow 2 years or over 5 00
2d best Durham cow 2 years or over 3 00
best Durham heifer 1 year or over 2 00
2d best Durham heifer 1 year or over 1 00
best Durham calf under 1 year old 2 00
2d best durham calf under 1 year old 1 00
best Devon bull 3 years or upward 10 00
2d best Devon bull 3 years or upward 8 00
best Devon bull 2 years or upward 8 00
2d best Devon bull 2 years or upward 4 00
best Devon bull 1 year or upward 2 00
2d best Devon bull 1 year or upward 1 00
best Devon bull 6 months old 2 00
2d best Devon bull 6 months old 1 00
best Devon cow 3 years or over 5 00
2d best Devon cow 3 years or over 3 00
best Devon cow 2 years or over 3 00
2d best Devon cow 2 years or over 2 00
best Devon heifer 1 year or over 2 00
2d best Devon heifer 1 year or over 1 00
best Devon calf under 1 year 2 00
2d best Devon calf under 1 year 1 00
best native or cross cow 3 years or over 8 00
2d best native or cross cow 3 yrs or over 4 00
best native or cross cow 2 years or over 3 00
2d best native or cross cow 2 yrs or over 2 00
best native or cross heifer 1 year or over 2 00
2d best native or cross heifer 1 yr or over 1 00
best native or cross calf under 1 year 2 00
2d best native or cross calf under 1 year 1 00
best yoke work oxen 5 years or over 6 00
2d best yoke work oxen 5 years or over 4 00
best yoke work oxen 3 years or over 4 00
2d best yoke work oxen 3 years or over 3 00
best beef ox or cow 5 00
2d best beef ox or cow 3 00

JUDGES.—John Finley, Wm. Irons, and Abraham Wolf.

CLASS NO. 5—SHEEP.

Best Spanish buck 7 00
2d best Spanish buck 5 00
best 3 Spanish ewes 7 00
2d best 3 Spanish ewes 5 00
best 3 yearling Spanish ewes 6 00
2d best 3 yearling Spanish ewes 3 00
best Saxony buck 7 00
2d best Saxony buck 5 00
best 3 Saxony ewes 7 00
2d best 3 Saxony ewes 5 00
best 3 yearling Saxony ewes 5 00
2d best 3 yearling Saxony ewes 3 00
best Cotswold buck 7 00
2d best Cotswold buck 5 00
best 3 Cotswold ewes 7 00
2d best 3 Cotswold ewes 5 00
best 3 yearling Cotswold ewes 5 00
2d best 3 yearling Cotswold ewes 3 00
best Leicester buck 7 00
2d best Leicester buck 5 00
best 3 Leicester ewes 7 00
2d best 3 Leicester ewes 5 00
best 3 yearling Leicester ewes 7 00
2d best 3 yearling Leicester ewes 5 00
best Southdown buck 7 00
2d best Southdown buck 5 00
best 3 Southdown ewes 7 00
2d best 3 Southdown ewes 5 00
best 3 yearling Southdown ewes 7 00
2d best 3 yearling Southdown ewes 5 00
best 3 fat withers 7 00
2d best 3 fat withers 5 00

JUDGES.—Wm. Gealy, Jacob Gabe and John Scott.

CLASS NO. 6—SWINE.

best Suffolk boar 8 00
2d best Suffolk boar 5 00
best sow and pigs 8 00
2d best sow and pigs 5 00
best suffolk brood sow 8 00
2d best Suffolk brood sow 5 00
best Suffolk pigs under 6 months 8 00
2d best Suffolk pigs under 6 months 3 00
best Chester white boar 8 00
2d best Chester white boar 5 00
best sow and pigs Chester white 8 00
2d best sow and pigs Chester white 5 00
best Chester white brood sow 5 00
2d best Chester white brood sow 3 00
best pair of pigs under 6 months old 5 00
2d best pair of pigs under 6 months old 3 00

JUDGES.—John Mowery, George Barclay and Henry Phillis.

CLASS NO. 7—POULTRY.

best 3 hens and cock Dip. & 3 00
best pair turkeys Dip. & 1 00
best pair of Muscovy ducks 1 00
best pair common ducks 1 00
best collection of chickens Dip. & 3 00

JUDGES.—John Mowery, George Barclay and Henry Phillis.

CLASS NO. 8—PANTRY.

Best print or roll butter 6 lbs or over 3 00
2d best print or roll butter 6 lbs or over 2 00
best cheese 10 lbs and over 2 00
2d best cheese 10 lbs and over 1 00
best maple sugar 2 00
2d best maple sugar 1 00
best sugar from Chinese cane Dip. & 3 00
2d best sugar from Chinese cane Dip. & 2 00
best molasses or sugar from same Dip & 3 00
2d best mo. or sugar from same Dip. & 2 00
best light bread Dip. & 1 00
2d best light bread 1 00
best light cakes Dip. & 1 00
2d best light cakes 1 00
best 3 varieties of cakes Dip. & 1 00
2d best 3 varieties of cakes 1 00
best 3 varieties of preserves 2 00
2d best 3 varieties of preserves Dip. & 1 00
best 3 varieties enchered fruit 2 00
2d best 3 varieties enchered fruit Dip. & 1 00
best half gallon grape wine 3 00
2d best half gallon grape wine 2 00
best half gallon currant wine 3 00
2d best half gallon currant wine 2 00
best 3 varieties fruit in bottle or jars 3 00
2d best 3 varieties fruit in bottle or jars 2 00
best 3 varieties fruit butter 3 00
2d best 3 varieties fruit 2 00
best specimen pickles 2 00
2d best specimen of pickles 1 00
best specimen soap 2 00
2d best specimen soap 1 00
best specimen candles 2 00
2d best specimen candles 1 00

JUDGES.—Mrs. Boston, Mrs. Annie Scroggs, Mrs. Elizabeth Mowery, David W. Scott, Montrose Brady and James Thompson.

CLASS NO. 9—HONEY.

Best hive Italian bees Dip. & 3 00
best hive common bees do 3 00
best lot honey in glass do 2 00
2d best lot honey in glass do 1 00
best honey in wood and glass do 2 00
2d best honey in wood and glass do 1 00
best honey in wood do 2 00
2d best honey in wood do 1 00
best&largest col. of honey from hive do 2 00
2d best&largest col. of honey from hive do 1 00

JUDGES.—Mrs. Boston, Mrs. Annie Scroggs, Mrs. Elizabith Mowery, David W. Scott Montrose Brady and James Thompson.

CLASS NO. 10—FLOWERS

Best variety and collection of flowers 3 00
2d best variety and collection of flowers 2 00
best collection and variety in pots 2 00
best green-house plants 1 00
best basket of flowers 1 00
best moss vase with flowers 1 00
best dish vase with flowers 1 00
best hand boquet 1 00
best flat boquet 1 00
best table boquet 1 00
best floral design 3 00
2d best floral design 1 00

JUDGES.—Misses Maggie Anderson, Mary Agnew and Senior N. Brighton.

CLASS NO. 11—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Best 10 yards broad cloth 4 00
best 10 yards satinet 2 00
best 10 yards cassimere 2 00
best 10 yards flannel 1 00
best 6 shawls 6 00
best sewing silk, domestic 1 00
best silk vesting 2 00
best made dress coat 4 00
best made overcoat 4 00
best satin or velvet vest 2 00
best pair of pants 2 00
best 5 silk hats 2 00
best 5 fur hats 2 00

JUDGES.—Charles Bentel, Ephraim Smith and Benj. Wilde.

CLASS NO. 12—CLOTHING AND FURNISHING.

Best silk bonnet 2 00
2d best silk bonnet 1 00
best silk or lace cap 1 00
best and neatest ladies' dress 2 00
2d best and neatest ladies' dress 1 00
best dress for child 2 years old 2 00
2d best dress for child 2 years old 1 00
best made shirt and collar 1 00
best embroidered skirt 2 00
2d best embroidered skirt 1 00
best embroidered pillow slips 1 00
best do ottomon cover 1 00
best embroid'd stand cover 1 00
best embroidered stool cover 1 00
best embroidered lamp mat 1 00
best embroid'd undersleeves & schmiz't 3 00
2d best emb'd'd undersleeves & schmiz't 2 00
best set on quilt 5 00
2d best set on quilt 3 00
best patch work on quilt 5 00
2d best do on quilt 3 00
best white quilt 5 00
2d best white quilt 3 00
best bed spread 4 00
2d best bed spread 2 00
best pair blankets 5 00
best pair blankets 3 00
best quilted comfort 2 00
2d best quilted comfort 1 00
best woolen carpet, 10 yards or more 8 00
2d best woolen carpet, 10 yards or more 3 00
best rag carpet 3 00
2d best rag carpet 2 00
best hearth rug 2 00
2d best hearth rug 1 00
best domestic linen, 5 yds 1 00
best specimen linen thread 1 00
best specimen thread lace, 4 yards 1 00
best knit woolen stockings 1 00
best thread or cotton stockings 1 00
best crochet or knit chair tidy 2 00
2d best crochet or knit chair tidy 1 00
best crochet bureau cover 2 00
2d best crochet bureau cover 1 00
best crochet stand cover 1 00
best embroidered handkerchief 1 00
best embroidered pin cushion 1 00
best embroidered collar 1 00
best bunch artificial flowers 1 00
best basket artificial wax flowers 1 00
best basket artificial wax fruit 1 00

NOTE.—Any article which has heretofore received a premium in this class, will not be considered by the Judges as competing. Articles above specified must be made within the present year.

JUDGES.—Charles Bentel, Ephraim Smith and Benj. Wild.

CLASS NO. 13—FIELD CROPS.

Best acre white wheat 4 00
2d best acre white wheat 2 00
best acre red wheat 4 00
2d best acre red wheat 2 00
best acre rye 2 00
2d best acre rye 1 00
best acre barley 3 00
2d best acre barley 2 00
best acre oats 2 00
2d best acre oats 1 00
best acre corn 3 00
2d best acre corn 2 00
best white seed wheat, 1 bush 2 00
2d best white seed wheat, 1 bush 1 00
best red seed wheat, 1 bush 2 00
2d best red seed wheat, 1 bush 1 00
best rye seed, 1 bush 1 00
best seed oats, 1 bush 1 00
best seed barley, 1 bush 1 00
best seed corn in ear, 3 bushels 2 00
best clover seed, ½ bushel 1 00
2d best clover seed ½ bush 1 00
best timothy seed, ½ bush 1 50
2d best timothy seed ½ bush 1 00
best flax seed ½ bush 1 00
best beans ½ bush 1 00
best red potatoes ½ bush 1 00
best Neshannock ½ bush 1 00
best Buckeye ½ bush 1 00
best Chili ½ bush 1 00
best seed Buckwheat, 1 bush 1 00
best specimen Chinese sugar cane 1 00
best acre Neshannock potatoes 2 00
best acre red potatoes 1 00
best Peach Blow potatoes 1 00
best Prince Albert potatoes 1 00
best lot sweet potatoes 1 00
best lot mangulwortzels 1 00
best lot carrots 1 00
best lot turnips 1 00
best lot rutabagas 1 00
best lot cabbage 1 00
best lot onions 1 00
best lot turnip beets 1 00
best lot parsnips 1 00
best lot sweet pumpkins 1 00
best collection of apples 1 00
best collection of water melons 1 00
best collection of citrons 1 00
best ½ bushel timothy seed 1 00
best ½ bushel corn beans 1 00
best ½ bushel sow beans 1 00
best gallon Lima beans 1 00
best ½ bushel bunch beans 1 00

JUDGES.—Daniel Dawson, Andrew Waterson, and John Furguson.

CLASS NO. 14—FRUIT.

Best 6 varieties fall apples 3 each 3 00
2d best 6 varieties fall apples 3 each 1 00
best 6 do winter apples 3 each 3 00
2d best do do do 1 00
best & largest collection apples 5 00
2d best and largest collection apples 2 00
best 3 varit's summer & fall pears 3 each 2 00
2d best three var. sum'r & fall pears 3 each 1 00
best three varieties winter pears 3 00
best 6 varieties winter pears 3 each 2 00
2d best 6 variety winter pears 3 each 1 00
best 4 varities plums 5 each 1 00
best collection of plums 1 00
best dozen of peaches 1 00
best dozen of quinces 2 00
best catawba grapes ½ peck 1 00
2d best catawba grapes ½ peck 1 00
best Isabella grapes ½ peck 2 00
2d best Isabella grapes ½ peck 1 00
best collection out door grapes 3 00
2d best collection out door grapes 2 00
Best collection green house grapes 3 00
2d best coll'n green house grapes 2 00
best col'n fruit generally, to one person 4 00
2d best col'n fruit gen'ally to one person 2 00
best dried peaches ½ bushel 1 00
best dried apples ½ bushel 1 00

JUDGES.—Daniel Dawson, Andrew Waterson and John Furguson.

CLASS NO. 15—FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Best two horse plow 2 00
best one horse plow 1 00
best hill side plow 3 00
best corn plow 1 00
best grain drill dip & 3 00
best reaping machine do 10 00
best mowing machine do 10 00
best corn planter 1 00
best square harrow 1 00
best triangle harrow 1 00
best clover huller 3 00
best horse hay rake 5 00
best cutting box 1 00
best machine for gathering clover seed 1 00
best grain cradle 1 00
best threshing machine dip & 3 00
best corn sheller 1 00
best cider mill 3 00
2d best cider mill 2 00
best fanning mill 2 00
best corn cultivator 1 00
best horse shoeing dip & 3 00
best hay ladders 2 00
best farm do 20 ft. long 1 00
best garden do do 1 00
best farm roller 5 00
best 6 axes 1 00
best flour barrels ½ doz. 1 00
best col'n agricultural imple'nts dip & 10 00
best wool roller 2 00

JUDGES.—Hill Douds, John Patton and James McGuire.

CLASS NO. 16—MECHANICAL IMPLEMENTS

Best 2 horse carriage or buggy dip & 5 00
2d best 2 horse carriage or buggy do 3 00
best 1 horse carriage or buggy do 5 00
2d best 1 horse carriage or buggy do 3 00
best two horse wagon do 3 00
best dressing bureau do 3 00
best sofa do 3 00
best 6 mahogany chairs do 3 00
best 6 common chairs 1 00
best cane seat chairs 1 00
best dining table 50
best wash stand 50
best basket split 50
best basket willow 50
best picture frame dip & 50
best carving on wood 1 00
best dozen buckets dip & 1 00
best half dozen tubs dip & 1 00
best white lead kegs dip
best churn dip & 1 00
best pump dip & 1 00
best bee hive dip & 1 00
best manure forks, 6 1 00
best hay forks, 6 1 00
best broad axe 50
best cutlery 1 00
best spec. iron railing 2 00
best cooking stove dip & 2 00
best coal stove for heating churches and school houses dip & 2 00
best castings generally 1 00
best stone ware dip & 1 00
best fruit jars, six 3 qts dip & 1 00
best fruit jars, six 2 qts 1 00
best glass ware dip & 1 00
best fire-brick dip & 1 00
best common brick dip & 1 00

JUDGES.—Cornelius Mowery, Isaac Morgan and Capt. John Nevill.

CLASS NO. 17—LEATHER, AND ITS MANUFACTURES.

Best harness leather 2 00
do skirting leather 2 00
do sole leather 2 00
do upper leather 2 00
do bridle leather 2 00
do kip skins 4 leather 2 00
do calf skins 4 do 2 00
do double set of carriage harness 6 00
do single set of carriage harness 5 00
do double farm harness 4 00
do man's saddle 4 00
do ladies' saddle 4 00
do bridle and martingale 2 00
do halter 1 00
do horse collar 2 00
do leather trunk 2 00
do pair gent's calf boots 3 00
do pair gent's kip boots 2 00
do pair gent's stoga do 2 00
do pair gent's do shoes 1 00
do pair ladies' boots 2 00
do pair ladies' shoes 1 00
do pair ladies' slippers 1 00

JUDGES.—Samuel Moorhead, Peter Markee and John Calhoon, of Brighton.

CLASS NO. 18—PAINTING, PENMANSHIP &C.

Best oil painting Dip & 5 00
2d best do painting do & 3 00
best photographs do & 3 00
2d do photographs do & 1 00
Best ambrotypes do & 3 00
do photographic views do & 3 00
do display Photo's & ambrotypes do & 3 00
do specimen penmanship do & 2 00
2d do specimen penmanship do & 1 00
do specimen do with left hand do & 2 00
2d do specimen do with left hand do & 1 00

JUDGES.—David McAllister and Clarke Allison.

CLASS NO. 19—DISCRETIONARY.

In this class may be found the various articles on exhibition not enumerated in our Premium List.

NOTE 1.—Judges are requested to call the attention of the Discretionary Committee to all articles entered in the several classes which are worthy of a premium, but in no case to make an award of premium to an article not enumerated on the Premium list of the Society.

NOTE 2.—It shall be the duty of the Discretionary Committee to examine all such articles as shall be recommended to them by the judges on the various classes, together with those to which their attention may be directed by the numbered cards (19) on each and also any article they may deem worthy of premium, which is not specified in our List, any class unless their attention has been called to it by the judges of said class.

All Discretionary Premiums to be referred to the Board of Managers.

Rules and Regulations for the Government of the Fair.

DIRECTION TO COMPETITORS.

1. Competitors at the Fair must become members of the Society, and have certificates of membership; which must be shown to the Secretary before any entries can be made. They must also be citizens of the county, and owners of the property exhibited for premiums.

2. Numbered cards must be attached to all articles, stock, &c., for exhibition, which will be furnished by the Secretary—being an exact copy of his entry—but the names of the owners strictly excluded.

3. All animals or articles must be on the ground before 10 o'clock A. M., on Thursday 3d, (the second day of the Fair) that they may be arranged in readiness for examination by the Judges immediately thereafter.—Articles may subsequently be offered for exhibition, but not for a premium.

4. The same article cannot be used to take a premium in two different classes.

5. Exhibitors are not to make themselves known to the judges, unless it becomes necessary to the examination of stock, machinery, &c. Judges must not be interfered with in any manner, by any person.

6. Competitors for field crop premiums must present certified statements of disinterested persons.

7. No animal or article entered for premiums can be removed until the close of the Fair, except by special permission. All stock, &c., on exhibition will be subject to the order and direction of the Board of Managers.

8. Hay or straw for stock will be furnished free of charge, and grain at cost price, and an abundance of water will be on the grounds for all purposes.

9. No premiums will be paid until thirty (30) days after the Fair, and all premiums sent for will be paid only on a written order to the Treasurer of the Society, (Jos. C. Wilson) to be retained by him as a voucher for the same. In all cases premiums to be receipted for to the Treasurer.

10. A Committee will direct as to the location of any article which may be placed on exhibition.

11. The Board of Managers will spare no pains to accommodate competitors in every class; every precaution will be taken for the safety of all articles on exhibition, but they will in no case be liable for any loss or damage that may occur.

Instructions to Judges.

1. All the judges are required to report themselves at the stand, at 2 o'clock, on Thursday, otherwise vacancies will be immediately filled up by the Board. They will make full and detailed reports, and return them to the Secretary before 2 o'clock, on Friday. The judges must confine themselves to the articles in their several Departments, as set forth in the Premium List. When a worthy object is presented, they are to refer it to the Discretionary Committee.

2. Judges will not award first premiums upon indifferent objects with little or no competition. But may award premiums of a lower grade, or no premium, as they shall deem proper.

3. Judges will not permit exhibitors to make themselves known unless it becomes necessary to the examination of stock &c.

4. Judges are requested to make a note of every article that comes before them, as the Board wish to make a full report; with the name of the owner attached, but will not award premiums upon articles or animals not enumerated in their own particular class, but such as they think worthy they will recommend to the attention of the Discretionary Committee.

5. Judges will in no case award a premium to any article the card of which is marked second day entry.

6 Judges will permit no person to be present at their examinations, except as above directed.

7. No person will be permitted to serve as a Judge, if he or she may be competing for a premium in the same Class, or in any way interested.

General Rules.

1. Certificates of Life Membership ($10 each) admit all members of the family to all the privileges of the Society, except males over 21 years of age.

2. Certificates of annual membership ($1) give all the privilege for the year, including succeeding election, and admit to the Fair Ground during the Exhibition the heads of a family and children residing at home, except males over 21 years of age. Single Tickets (25 cents each) will be good for one admission only.

3. All articles in the Manufacturing or Mechanical Departments must be made in the county, and within a period of one year previous to the present Fair.

4. The Board of Managers may award premiums on articles of special merit from other counties or States.

5. Any person who may bring intoxicating Liquors on the Fair Grounds, either to drink himself, or to give away, shall be expelled from the enclosure, and not be permitted to enter again.

6. Each Horse or Colt brought upon the Ground, (except those engaged in hauling articles to the Fair, which shall not remain,) will be taxed 15 cents each—a pair of horses (one owner) in harness or otherwise, 25 cents.

7. All Carriages, Buggies, &c., used in the ring, must be driven outside of the grounds immediately after training.

8. All Carriages, Wagons, or Vehicles of any kind, coming within the enclosure (except the provisions in Rules 6th and 7th,) must be entered for competition, and have a numbered card placed thereon. None others can be admitted.

9. All persons having Horses to exhibit or train in the ring are required to show their Certificate of Membership, both at the Stock gate and entrance to the ring.

A. The Board of Managers (which includes the Officers) will be present on the Grounds, and will be pleased to give any information to competitors or others who may desire it.

The Managers will have an Auctioneer to sell any animals or articles exhibited, which the owner may wish to dispose of, on the the third day.

B. The Secretary of the Society, (J. R. Harrah,) will be ready to receive entries for two weeks previous to the Fair, and would earnestly request all who can, to make application before the fair, as it will facilitate arrangements that may be made for their accommodation.

In presenting the foregoing List of Premiums, the Board beg leave to call attention to the fact that it has undergone a thorough revision and correction, and they would invite an attentive and careful perusal, feeling that in variety and extent (if not in aggregate amount of premiums offered) it is not surpassed by that of any other County Society in our State. Taking these facts into consideration, the Board would cordially invite all to compete, hoping that we may have an Exhibition which will be creditable to the interests of our county.

Secretary.

SHERIDAN AT HOME.

A correspondent of The Cincinnati *Commercial* writes a pleasant sketch of a visit to the house of the Sheridan family in Somerset, Ohio. The family now consists of the father and mother, P. H. Sheridan, John L. Sheridan Michael V. Sheridan, and the daughter and sister, Mary, who, about two years since, was married to Capt. John Wilson, who is a native of Perry County, but served through the war in a Michigan regiment. Mary is the only daughter, and since her marriage she and her husband live in the house with her parents. John Sheridan, father of the General, is apparently about 65 years of age, of sanguine temperament, a rugged, muscular, honest-looking Hibernian, and not afraid of work. He can be seen at almost any time cultivating or improving the little farm of 20 acres that is now his care and pride. John L. is a lawyer by profession, and has recently removed to Columbus, Ohio. Michael V. has a commission in the army, and is on duty at New-Orleans.

Concerning Sheridan's youth, we quote: "Phillip H. Sheridan was born at the City of Albany, State of New York, in February, 1831. His parents are natives of Ireland County of Kerry. Their oldest child Patrick, was also born in Ireland. About the year 1829, John Sheridan and wife, with their first-born, bid farewell to their native land and came to America, their adopted and chosen home.—They first located at Albany, N. Y., where, as before stated, Phil. Sheridan was born. They resided here about five years. While Phil was very young, his parents removed to Somerset, Perry county, Ohio. The parents were in quite limited circumstances, and Phil.'s early experience was that of other boys similarly situated. When the turnpike was being built through Somerset, Phil.'s father used to own and drive a cart. Men of Phil.'s age tell us that they have often seen him hanging on his father's cart, and once in a while, when he would get to drive, he would be highly delighted. Phil. must have been regarded as a very honest boy, for while very young in years, he was taken by John Talbot, a hardware merchant, to serve in his store. He served Mr. Talbot satisfactorily about two years. After leaving Mr. Talbot, the subject of our sketch went to stand in the store of D. Whitehead, a dry goods merchant of Somerset.—Here we believe he remained until he was appointed a cadet at West Point. Gen. Thos. Richie, a farmer living five miles east of Somerset, had been elected to Congress for the district composed of Perry, Morgan and Washington. Mr. Richie was a good judge of character. He was acquainted with young Sheridan, took a fancy to him, and proposed to send him to West Point. Young Sheridan was willing, and his parents agreed to it. The lawyer who drew up the papers in the case, told me they were not very sanguine that he would be accepted, on account of his size. He was very small for his age. But he was duly accepted, and took his place as a humble student at this great military school. In due course of time he graduated, received an appointment, and was placed on duty west of the Rocky Mountains. Here, in some encounter with the Indians, he won and received his first promotion. There was not much opportunity to achieve military distinction there; but at length the war came on, and his subsequent military career is well known. An incident is related by a friend that will give some little insight into his character as a boy. A traveling bookseller was stopping with his books at a hotel in Somerset. Phil. Sheridan, then about 9 or 10 years of age, stepped up, and in a loud clear, yet respectful tone, inquired, 'Have you anything on the human voice?' The man had not the kind of a book desired, but the inquiry was a little unusual for a boy of that age. We ask men of about the same age as Phil. and who know him in Somerset when a boy, what they remember of him, and the general reply is that they remember him as a short-legged little boy, who could run or jump in the dust or mud equal to any boy of the town; that he was a manly little fellow, an inveterate talker, and as quarrelsome as there was any use of. The talking part as we all know, Phil. has left off. He must have said it nearly all when he was a boy.

"Your correspondent was in Somerset about 17 years ago while Phil. was yet a student at West Point. At the time he was at home on a furlough. We remember seeing him in his cadet uniform, in his slippers and white socks, stepping about town and calling upon his friends. He had an independent, satisfied air, and seemed greatly at peace with himself and the world. We met him at a large, social dance. He chose a partner and went through a cotillion or two in a sort of abstracted, careless way, and there were many young bloods there that altogether outshone him in the 'giddy dance.' Your correspondent, with others, thought a young man being educated at public expense for the trade of war, in a country that would be at peace for the next 50 years, was no very great shakes, after all.

"Gen. Sheridan was at home for a day or, two at a time during the war—once when he was transferred from the West to the East, and on one other occasion. He was literally besieged at a hotel in Zanesville, and preparations were being made for some kind of a great demonstration. But the General, by the aid of a friend, made his escape out the back way, and was far on his way to Somerset before it was known that he had left the city. The people of Somerset also thought they must make a regular demonstration in honor of the distinguished soldier. They marched in regular procession to the suburban residence of the Sheridan family, and a citizen was appointed to perpetrate a written address at the General. Phil. came out, and the people gathered upon the green in the yard in front of the dwelling. He listened respectfully to the address, but all the while kept shaking hands with the little girls and boys who gathered near him. At the close he simply thanked the people for the demonstration of respect. Gen. Sheridan never means to be disrespectful to the people, but he has such a distaste of being the center or subject of a "scene," that he always avoids it if he can in any sort of civil manner.

"Phil. has always had great affection for his parents, and keeps up a regular correspondence with them, and the other members of the family. Ever since he has had a commission in the army, he has helped his parents much, and assisted them in purchasing and improving the home that they now occupy. He also looked well to the education of his brothers and sisters."

Pennsylvania Democracy.

The address of the Democratic State Committee of Pennsylvania has one merit—it is short. But, brief as it is, it contains almost as many false assertions as sentences, and is a specimen of the very worst kind of political trickery. All the evils of the war—the loss of life, taxation, debt, high prices, paper currency—are enumerated as the direct work of the Republican party. Not a word is said of the Rebellion. We wonder what stuff a Democratic State Committee can be made of, which bears as heavily upon Republicans as on Democrats; it is true that we are severely taxed to pay it; it is true that prices are high, that the currency is depreciated. All this we know and lament, but

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., August 28, 1867.

Union State Nomination.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Union County Nominations.

Assembly.

THOMAS NICHOLSON, Beaver Co.;
JONATHAN R. DAY, Washington Co.;
JOHN EWING, " "

Associate Judge.

MILTON LAWRENCE, Greene tp.;

Prothonotary

JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver boro.;

Treasurer.

ELIJAH BARNES, Borough tp.;

Commissioner.

WM. EWING, Racoon tp.

Jury Commissoner.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver boro.

Auditor.

G. K. SHANNON, Hopewell tp';

Poor House Director.

SAMUEL McMANAMY, Economy tp.;

Trustees of Academy.

S. J. CROSS, Rochester boro.,
JOHN BARCLAY, Beaver boro.

JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDERS.

Extracts from His Opinion in the Case of Borie vs. Trott.

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, *and a legal tender*, IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it unnecessary that I should consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money of the United States. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant."—*Copied from the Philadelphia Age of 23d of February*, 1864, where the opinion is published in full.

It may also be found in the *Legal Intelligencer* of March 18, 1864, page 92.

In the same copy of the *Age* is a carefully prepared eulogy of the judge and this opinion, in which is the following:

"Judge SHARSWOOD reasons upon and decides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world."

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the judge as quite too elevated and etherial for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

THE captain of the steamboat Pilot Boy, was recently tried by a Military Commission at Charleston, S. C. for refusing passage on his boat to a colored woman. He was found guilty under the law, and the finding was approved by General Sickles, the military commander of the District.

The *Argus* took $300 00 more from the county Treasury for a job of work than any hands it never did a job for the county, nor for any person else that *amounted* to near $300,00. And it says secondly that if we ever made a charge against the county that exceeded our advertised rates we are ready to refund the excess whenever it is pointed out to us.—Is the *Local* ready to do the same? We guess not.

THE soldiers of this county should not forget the exact position of the two political parties of the State, so far as these parties have acknowledged their services during the war, and appealed to the Federal Government in their behalf: The "Lost Cause" State Convention never referred to Pennsylvania *soldiers* at all, but shed tears over the attempt of the "radicals" to disfranchise the *deserters* and "*skedaddlers*" from the Union army! The Union State Convention acted very differently, as will be seen from this resolution which was unanimously adopted by it:

"Eleventh. That the gratitude of the people to the soldiers and sailors whose bravery met and overthrew the slave-holders rebellion, should have repented and emphatic expression; and that we heartily disapprove of, and condemn the course of the Secretary of the Treasury in postponing and ignoring the just claims of our brave defenders upon the bounty of the Government awarded to them by the National Congress."

Soldiers! never let it be said that you voted *with* a party whose whole sympathies were with cowards and skulkers, and *against* that one which thanks you for your services and calls upon the Government to reward you promptly. Such conduct could only be looked upon as self stultification, and base ingratitude besides.

THE *Local* of last week indicated deep disgust at the shape the county taxation question has assumed. It had scarcely anything to say on that point at all, and tacitly admits its party to be the founder of the heavy county debt now well nigh paid off. Not relishing the idea, however, of being driven ingloriously from the field, it now makes an attempt to rally on our State taxes, and insists that the "radicals" have perpetrated a "huge swindle" upon the taxpayers in alleging that the abolition of the State tax on real estate, was a relief to the people. It claims now that they pay on personal property, the same amount of money that was formerly collected from real estate. A few figures will show that this is false, and that the *Local's* information on our *State* finances is as limited as is its knowledge of our *County* affairs. To make this apparent to all we will contrast the amount of State tax paid by Beaver county during the years 1864 and 1865,—the two years immediately preceding the abolition of the tax on real estate, with the amount paid in 1866, the first year after that tax was dispensed with. Here are the respective amounts:

In 1864 our State tax was	$12,883 88
" 1865 " " "	12,883 88
" 1866 " " "	4,903 48

Showing a reduction in Beaver county alone of $7,980 40. We take it that the taxpayers of our county would like to have another "swindle" or two like this practiced upon them. They will look upon this species of swindling as being very different from that heretofore referred to by us, in which J. H. O. got the better of the taxpayers in the sum of $45,50!

"Radical organs are howling now about a Free Railroad law."—*Local.*

The "radical" organs will continue to "howl" on this subject until such a law is enacted. Their editors will not do as did the editor of the *Local*, however, "howl" for two years, and when made a delegate to a Democratic State Convention, turn his back upon his professions and go with the enemies of a free railroad law. There are some *Democrats* too who are "howling" at the treachery of J. H. O., and at the policy pursued by the Democratic State Convention. We have all along advocated this measure, and when made a delegate to the Union State Convention voted and acted in accordance with our professions. That Convention passed a resolution in favor of a free railroad law, and hence the free principle is as unmistakably a part of our platform as anything else. The Democratic Convention did nothing of the kind, and the party is directly arrayed against the measure. All sincere free railroad men must therefore vote the Union ticket; any who make professions of friendship for the measure and vote otherwise show that their professions are hollow, and that they are in the same boat with the editor of the *Local*. Last year Democrats proclaimed that they were in favor of this law, but in the State Senate when it was defeated, only two Democrats were to be found to vote in its favor. "A Democrat" who has been writing for some time past in the *Argus*, has shown conclusively that the Democratic party is responsible for the defeat so far, of the law. He is an intelligent and reading man, who is about to take leave of his old party friends, and so far as we can judge from his writing, this is the very thing that is driving him into our ranks. The editor of the *Local* may be able to deceive a majority of the Democrats of this county, but "A Democrat" seems to think not, and he evidently has the right view of the question. There are many Democrats in this locality, we have reason to believe, who think as he thinks, that will follow his example—men who will not permit party ties to drive them to vote directly against their own interests. The Democrats, generally, throughout the county know Thos. Nicholson Esq., and in him they recognize an able champion of the free railroad measure, and it will be a little surprising to us if scores of these, with all the facts before them, do not rally to his support, on the ground that he is the only candidate that represents the free principle.

QUERY. Why is it that neither Elijah Barnes, the clique candidate for Treasurer, nor his organ, the Argus, has any answer to make to our questions in regard to that coat which was stolen from a member of a fishing party at Beaver Point? The people are anxious to hear from them upon that question, and we are anxious to be bantered for a certificate or two about it.—*Local.*

The idea sought to be conveyed in the above "squib" is that Captain Barnes was a member of a fishing party at Beaver Point once upon a time, and that he stole a coat from another member of the same party while fishing together. If it does not mean this it does not mean anything. Now for the facts: Capt. Barnes was attached to a small party that went on a fishing excursion last summer to Beaver Point. That much is true. The party was made up of the following persons: Capt. Jas. Clarke of St. Louis, Capt. E. Barnes of Beaver, John B. Clark of the Union Hotel of this place, and Wm. S. Barclay of Beaver. The first named gentleman is not here, but the three latter all assure us that no coat was anything of the kind until they saw it in the *Local*, and that the story has not even the shadow of truth to sustain it. "A certificate or two" will now be in order, Mr. *Local*

CAMP MEETING.—The camp meeting of the M. E. church, which commenced in the vicinity of Enon Valley, on the 15th inst., is said to be well attended. Negro preachers, we are told, appear to be the captivating incentive of the concern. There is nothing like "equality;" and if men think it necessary to "camp out" on their road to Heaven, we don't see why they shouldn't take with them their negro servants.

J. H. Odell is the author of the above compliment to a highly respectable religious denomination, which last week concluded a camp meeting at Enon Valley. The writer is the son-in-law, and lives in the family of H. B. Anderson, the Lost Cause candidate for county Treasurer, and whether properly or improperly, the people will generally believe that this "fling" was made with his knowledge and consent. If that consent was given the impertinence of both the father-in-law and son-in-law is unequaled, in asking that particular Church to cast its vote for the former, for the office which he is now electioneering for. They add insult to injury, and flatter themselves that their conduct is unappreciated by the public at large.

GEN. O. O. HOWARD, the one-armed hero and christian gentleman who organized, and has since had charge of the Freedman's Bureau, has fallen under the displeasure of the President, and it is said that the latter is about ordering his removal from the position which he has so long and ably filled. *Spits* appears to be controlling all of A. J's. official operations at the present time. It is said that he has tendered Gen. Howard's position to J. M. Laugston, a colored lawyer of Ohio, who, however declines to accept it.

SINCE the Radical victory in Tennessee the bonds of that State have advanced *five* per cent. in the New York market.

Immediately after the Radical victory in Missouri last year the bonds of that State jumped *eight* per cent. in the New York market within a few hours, and they have since risen over thirty per cent.

Will some "Lost Cause" man tell us whether, since the recent rebel victory in Kentucky, the bonds of that State have risen, and if so how much?

What is the reason that Radical victories make State bonds go up, while rebel or Conservative victories do not?

THE Maryland Constitutional Convention in session recently in that State, and having a majority of Democrats in it, has inserted in the declaration of rights the following article:

"Slavery shall not be re-established in this State, but, having been abolished under the policy and authority of the United States, compensation, in consideration thereof, is due from the United States."

With the Democrats in power in Congress this claim would be met and paid almost at sight.

THE illness of Gen. Thomas at the present time has obliged a suspension of the order relieving General Sheridan for a few days. If the General's health does not improve within a few days, it is now given out that General Hancock will be sent to the Gulf Department in his stead.

THE correspondence between the President and General Grant relative to the removal of General Sheridan is published. It will appear in this paper next week. General Grant, when ordered to relieve Sheridan, entered a vigorous protest against the Presidents order, but in the face of this protest the latter ordered his removal. It is also rumored now that the President has ordered Hancock (Thomas being in ill health) to the command of the Gulf Department, with instructions to, alter, modify or revoke Sheridan's orders now in force there, if he saw proper to do so, and this in defiance of General Grant's order to the contrary. If this proves to be the case, a conflict between the President and General Grant is inevitable.

THERE are rumors of cabinet changes in Washington, to the effect that the President desires the withdrawal of Seward, Browning, Wells and Randall, leaving him only McCullough and Stansberry. These rumors have an air of probability about them at least, for the New York papers are now predicting that the next few days will witness the resignation of Secretary Seward at least.

THE order removing Sheridan, issued by the President, will be found in another column of the *Argus*. It will be seen that Gen. Grant's addition to it, obliges Sheridan's successor, (Gen. Thomas) to carry out Sheridan's policy, and to execute all orders issued by him now in force in that Department. Good for Sheridan, and good for Grant! In sustaining each other they do the will of Congress and the people, whom they represent. Grant used to flank Lee; he is now engaged in flanking a worthless and unscrupulous Executive.

Facts for Government Bondholders and the Holders of Greenbacks.

Read, Reflect—and Hand to your Neighbor.

In 1861 eleven States seceded; and since then only twenty-three have been represented in Congress, until the admission of Tennessee in 1866.

All the United States Bonds—5-20's, 7-30's and 10-40's—all the greenbacks, and all the National Banks, were created by this Congress of twenty-three States.

President Johnson calls this an "*assumed Congress*"—therefore not legal. His supporters and the Democrats call it a "*rump Congress*," and a "*usurping Congress*," and hence not a *lawful Congress*; and the great effort has been to *elect* Congressmen in the North, and *admit* enough from the rebel States to enforce this "*Policy*."

If a Congress representing but twenty-three States be not a *lawful* Congress, then every United States Bond, and all our greenbacks, and National Bank notes, are worth nothing; because an *unlawful* Congress could not make *lawful* Bonds or *lawful* money.

The mad effort, so recently made by the rebels and their sympathizers, to destroy this Government *by force of arms*, failed. Thus far the attempt to do the same thing, *through Congress*, has also failed, because of the action of the loyal voters at the ballot box; and the last effort at destruction is now being made THROUGH THE COURTS.

Witness the recent attempt by Democratic lawyers to induce the Supreme Court of the United States to issue an injunction, nullifying Mississippi, Georgia, and other rebel States. Read also the opinion of George Sharswood, the Democratic nominee for Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, in which he gravely denies the constitutional power of Congress to make paper money a legal tender. (*Borie vs. Trott, Legal Intelligencer* of March 18th, 1864, page 92.) Judges Woodward and Thompson of the same Court, announced from the bench *the same alarming doctrine*, in 1865. (*See Mervine vs. Sail or et al. Legal Intelligencer of June 16 and 30—1865*, pages 188 and 205.)

And this too in the face of the fact, that the Superior Courts of every loyal State in which the question has been raised, have sustained the power of Congress.

It requires, therefore, but little knowledge of either arithmetic or law to estimate the imminent danger of putting any more men of Judge Sharswood's opinion on the Supreme Bench of the State!

If you believe the present Congress to be *unlawful*, or desire our National currency and Government Bonds to be de clared *unlawful*, vote for George Sharswood.

If you believe the present Congress to be *lawful*, or desire their action on Currency or Bonds *to stand good*, vote to sustain them—for the party that *created* the Greenbacks and the Bonds—the party that sustained the war, and compelled submission to the National authority—and that stands pledged to keep faith with the Bondholders, and to maintain the National credit—vote for Henry W. Williams, the worthy and honored nominee of this party.

The Candidates for Treasurer.

EDITOR ARGUS: Having intimately known both the candidates for county Treasurer, for many years, I have taken considerable interest in the controversy between yourself and the editor of the *Local*, as to their respective claims, merits, and failings. I very much regret the necessity of this mode of political warfare on your part, and I have every reason to believe you sincerely dislike it also. I use the word necessity because I am satisfied that that alone drove you to it.

Since the nomination of Capt. Barnes, every issue of the *Local* has contained bitter and often scandalous attacks upon his private character. He is a young man of limited acquaintenance and like most young men with reputation to make. It is very easy to shake the confidence of the public in one of his age, and therefore the attacks upon him by the editor of the *Local* were the more injurous and despicable. He is a one-armed soldier, poor dependent, with everything at stake in a contest where able-bodied men are opposed to him, not only ready but actually using any and every weapon even to the filthiest to secure his disgrace and defeat. If you had faltered or failed to defend him in his helpless condition you would not only be unworthy of the position you hold but be justly chargable with cowardice. In this degrading warfare inaugurated by the editor of the *Local*, you were compelled to take part, and you have done it well. The result is, Capt. Barnes has lost nothing, but is in reality the gainer. He will receive more votes than he would have done had the *Local* not leveled its guns at him. I know him to be a young man of great energy, quick parts, more than ordinarily intelligent, open, frank, generous and brave with as few faults as the majority of young men. He was among the first to respond to the call of his country and the last to leave her service. Losing his right arm at Gettysburg in the thickest of the fight, he waited only long enough for his wound to heal until he returned to his command, was promoted and remained in the service until the close of the war. His commanding officer Gen. Selfridge says there was no braver or better officer in the 46 Pa. Reg't. Perhaps his was the only instance of an officer returning to his command and serving with it two years after losing a right arm.—This itself is sufficient to entitle him to every Republican vote in the county, and for the honor of the party, I trust he will get *every one*. An older and only brother gave his life to his country. Surely Republicans will not forget these things! If there is one who does, it seems to me in view of the promises and professions Republicans one and all have made that the empty sleeve of Capt. Barnes would be even a greater reproach than was the one of a comrade presented James Buchanan. He is a worthy representative of the party that saved the country, losing almost everything for the party, he now asks to support him.

Vote against him! for whom? I have known Mr. Anderson long and admired his good qualities. No one regreted more than I the necessity that called for your frequent personal references to him. But he is an old man well known, and his opponent was almost a helpless stranger. His son-in-law, made the attack, persisted in it, went to such extremes that retaliation became necessary. Everything must bend to secure the election of his father-in-law and to accomplish this, it was thought necessary to destroy the character of his opponent. Every person saw the object and agreed it must be prevented. In defending Barnes, Anderson has suffered terribly. It is his own fault. He should have prevented his son-in-law from attacking his competitor, or failing in that publicly denounced his course. He did neither, and in consequence lost the esteem of many friends. His private affairs have been scrutinized and lo! the charges against his opponent are as nothing in comparison. What has been written of him was news to me. I could not believe until I saw they were not denied. The story about the taking of the poor woman's hogs, the mortgage to Shively, the sale of lot to Edwards, as published, look ugly.

I trust there is no truth in them, but if not why not deny them. Where are the certificates? Certificates were procured against Barnes to support a hundred fold more trivial charges than here made. Nothing has given me so much pain for a long time as to learn of Mr. Anderson's pecuniary embarrassment. He has my sympathy and I am sorry it was told against him, although when I read the abuse of poor Barnes for not paying his debts I don't see how else you could do than make the comparison. While I confess to having always (and I write truthfully) admired Mr. Anderson as a man I knew he was of the bitterest of the bitter radical pro-slavery Vallandigham type of Northern Democrats. He is a fit representative of the party that opposed the war. Who then among the Republicans can vote for him in preference to Capt. Barnes? Who will do it? I cannot, although I am suspected of being as near it as any one. Barnes' claims as a soldier and a patriot are very strong and as a man he does not suffer by comparison. My duty then is plain, and for one I will not hesitate. If Mr. Anderson finds himself mistaken as to the number of his friends in our party he can find a reason in his own political history and the conduct of those to whom he intrusted his case. A war upon a crippled soldier won't win. TRUTH.

The Resurrection.

EDITOR BEAVER ARGUS: *Sir*, during a conversation some days ago with a friend, the subject turned upon the resurrection of the dead, he contending that were all the inhabitants of the world, who have ever lived and died, including those now living, raised from the dead, and live at one time, the planet we inhabit does not contain a surface sufficiently large to accommodate them all.

For information to my friend, and the benefit of others that read your valuable paper, we would say that the State of New York will furnish surface for twice the number of inhabitants that have ever lived and died in our world.

Proof: The flood occurred A. M. 1200.—Then the earth could have been but, thinly populated. We put down the aggregate population at one billion six hundred and fifty-six million (1,656,000,000.) From that epoch to whose population dies nine-tenths in the century, therefore one hundred and twenty-six generations have expired from that period to the present. If we say the average population to have been five hundred million, (500,000,000,) in each generation, and this multiplied by 126, the number of generations, gives an aggregate of sixty-three billions (63,000,000,000.) This number added to the one billion six hundred and fifty-six million (1,656,000,000,) the aggregate population of the antediluvian world, gives the aggregate population for the past and present, at sixty-four billions six hundred and fifty-six million (64,656,000,000.) Now we have 640 square acres in a square mile, which, when reduced to square feet, gives twenty-seven millions eight hundred and seventy eight thousand and four hundred square feet.

The State of New York contains 46,000 square miles; multiplying this by number of square feet in a square mile, we have a product of one trillion, two hundred and eighty-two billion, four hundred and six million, four hundred thousand (1,282,406,400,000). This number divided by ten, the average number of square feet given to each person, gives us a quotient of one hundred and forty-eight billion, two hundred and forty million, six hundred and forty thousand (148,240,640,000).—Now, if we divide this number by sixty-four billions (64,000,000,000), the number of the whole population of the world, we have two as the quotient. Therefore it is demonstrated that the State of New York will furnish surface for twice the entire population of this globe. How absurd, then, the notion that this vast earth would not be sufficient to accommodate them, were all its inhabitants to live at one time! What a wonderful objection is this to offer against the literal resurrection of the dead. Yours, truly,

ECCE DEUS.

Beaver Falls, August 27, '67.

EDITOR OF THE ARGUS: I beg leave to suggest to your correspondent "A Democrat" the propriety of calling a Democratic convention and nominating another ticket, for the support of Democratic voters of the county. If Wilson, Dougherty, Kuhn, Potter, Bigger and Judge Irwin, or either of them would take hold of this matter it is not too late yet to save the Democratic party. There are several others I might name, who are competent to move in this matter. The men I have named, however, are well known to the Democrats of the county as men of honesty, integrity and ability, on whom all can rely. If they will issue a call for a convention it will be responded to by all good Democrats, or if a call can be circulated among the Democrats through the county it will be generally signed. It is not too late yet. A convention can be held, a ticket nominated that will receive the support of Democrats generally. If this is done the "Odell ticket" will not receive the support of a corporal's guard. If this is not done I will be compelled to follow the example of "A Democrat" and vote the Republican ticket. I have read his articles carefully, and I endorse all he says. If the Democratic party of this county is to be ruled by a straggler of extremely bad reputation, like the editor of the *Local*, honest and decent men should leave it.

DEMOCRAT NO. 2.

JUDGE SHARSWOOD concluded his decision on the legality of the legal tender-notes with this declaration:

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money and a legal-tender, is unconstitutional."

If the legal-tender notes were unconstitutional then, they are unconstitutional now, and the whole financial system of the nation is based on a false and illegal foundation. As one of the Democratic organs proposes to make the justice and wisdom of this decision the leading issue in the present political campaign, the people should be warned in time of the construction that will be placed upon their votes, and of the effects of the formal promulgation of a similar opinion from the Supreme Court of the State.—*Harr. Tel.*

The Copperhead Scheme of Refusing to Pay State Taxes.

Our readers are already aware that in one or two of the richest and strongest Copperhead counties of the State of Pennsylvania, the officials thereof have deliberately concocted a movement to repudiate the payment of their apportionment of State taxes. We referred to this subject briefly yesterday. In order now to further enlighten the public therein we propose to trace the matter from its origin. By act of April 30, 1864, the Revenue Board was abolished and the Auditor General, State Treasurer and Secretary of the Commonwealth made to constitute the Board.

Circulars were issued to the commissioners of the counties for the valuation of personal property. We annex a number of the returns from the counties:

Allegheny county returned as subject to taxation	$1,325,699 00
Beaver county returned as subject to taxation	1,165,578 00
Berks county returned as subject to taxation	2,898,920 00
Chester county returned as subject to taxation	5,177,039 00
Delaware county returned as subject to taxation	2,553,987 00
Luzerne county returned as subject to taxation	630,273 00
Lycoming county returned as subject to taxation	314,084 00
Schuylkill county returned as subject to taxation	683,169 00
Venango county returned as subject to taxation	310,898 00
Lancaster county returned as subject to taxation	9,758,471 00

The board, consisting of Isaac Slenker, Auditor General; W. H. Kemble, State Treasurer, and Eli Slifer, Secretary of the Commonwealth, knowing these returns to be glaringly unequal, and acting under their official oaths, equalized the quotas of the counties, making the amount subject to taxation in

Allegheny county	$11,907,611 00
Beaver county	1,735,280 00
Berks county	4,008,481 00
Chester county	8,109,585 00
Delaware county	3,945,478 00
Luzerne county	3,884,705 00
Lycoming county	2,173,912 00
Schuylkill county	3,403,679 00
Venango county	884,763 00
Lancaster county	10,128,866 00

All the counties that approximated to a fair valuation are benefited by the adjustment, as the tax realized under the appraisement of the Revenue Board is $625,000, out of the amount as returned by the commissioners, less than $175,000.

Three hundred thousand dollars in personal property was all the money required from the counties by the treasurer, and a bill apportioning this amount among the counties was urged by the treasurer and passed the Senate, but failed in the House, not from any objection to its passage, but from the inefficiency or carelessness of those having it in charge. This bill failing to pass, the accounting departments were compelled to settle on the amount fixed by the Revenue Board.—*The State Treasurer will again urge this reduction*, and if the receipts from corporations (from which almost all our taxes for State purposes are derived) continue to hold out to the end of the fiscal year, *he will urge its total repeal.*

The State has already paid over $200,000 of State loans, and by advertisement in the *Patriot and Union* are calling for $1,000,000 more on the first of September, making a reduction since November, 1860, of over $4,000,000 in the public debt, with $1,000,000 *more* money in hand, and an *expenditure* of between $6,000,000 and $7,000,000 of extraordinary expenditures in putting down the Democratic rebellion—tax on real estate repealed, and by the first of October not a single over-due Commonwealth bond afloat.

—This fairly exposes the reason why the counties of the State were called on for the payment of this taxation. The commissioners of the counties refusing to respond to this call have these facts before them, thus rendering themselves liable to the suspicion as showing by their conduct a lack of intelligence to comprehend their duty, or a dishonest purpose to repudiate the payment of a just taxation. Mr. Slenker, the *Democratic* Auditor General, was most urgent and active in the decision to which the Board of Revenue has come, and it is only fair that in the repudiating Democratic counties of York and Berks, the Democratic masses should know this fact.—*Harr. Tel.*

Reconstruction—Change in District Commanders—Official Orders.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—The following order was issued to-day:

GENERAL ORDER NO. 77.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, August 19.

First. The following order is received from the President:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, Aug. 17.—Major General George H. Thomas is hereby assigned to the command of the Fifth Military District, created by the act of Congress passed on the 2d day of March, 1867.—Major General P. H. Sheridan is hereby assigned to the command of the Department of Missouri. Major General Winfield S. Hancock is hereby assigned to the command of the Department of the Cumberland. The Secretary of War *ad interim* will give the necessary instructions to carry this order into effect.

[Signed,] ANDREW JOHNSON.

Second. In pursuance of the foregoing order of the President of the United States, Major General G. H. Thomas will, on receipt of the order, turn over his command to the officer next in rank to himself, and proceed to New Orleans, Louisiana, to relieve Major General P. H. Sheridan of the command of the Fifth Military District.

Third. Major General P. H. Sheridan, on being relieved from command of the Fifth Military District by Major General Geo. H. Thomas, will proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and relieve Major General W. S. Hancock in command of the Department of the Missouri.

Fourth. Major General W. S. Hancock, on being relieved from command of the Department of the Missouri, by Major General P. H. Sheridan, will proceed to Louisville, Kentucky, and assume command of the Department of the Cumberland.

Fifth. Major General G. H. Thomas will continue to execute all orders he may find in force in the Fifth Military District at the time of his assuming command of it, unless authorized by the General of the Army to sanction, alter or modify them.

Sixth. Major General Sheridan, before relieving Major General Hancock, will report in person at these Headquarters. By command of General Grant.

[Signed] E. D. TOWNSEND,
[*Official.*] Assistant Adjutant General.

Stanton vs. Johnson.

Mr. Stanton has been removed from office, but the principles he represented remain.—We repeat that although the President's action is unjustified, and likely to have evil results, yet on the whole the country may gain by it. Mr. Stanton's presence in the Cabinet may have restrained the President but did not change the policy of his administration. It was a negative protection. At the same time Mr. Stanton shielded Mr. Johnson from a great deal of indignation that justly belonged to him, and prevented his policy from fully working out its own destruction. Now we are to have the lines deeply drawn. The President has resolved upon opposing reconstruction; Congress has resolved that the laws shall be executed, and there is no longer a power in office to intervene. We are well satisfied to abandon Mr. Johnson's administration to its own devices; it is useless to longer hope that a Republican in the Cabinet could patch it up, and make it worthy of the people's confidence. "Ephraim is joined to his idols; let him alone."

We know now where we stand. There is no complaint that Mr. Stanton had not discharged his duties faithfully; it is plain that he is suspended simply because he is a Republican. Mr. Johnson could not endure that the Secretary of War should be resolved to execute the laws in the spirit in which they were laid down. Mr. Stanton's offense was that he chose to obey the laws, even if in doing so he disobeyed the President. The Senate will determine whether his suspension was legal; and in the meanwhile Mr. Stanton has put it on record that he has yielded only to superior force. He could not resist the combined authority of the Commander-in-Chief of the Army and the General of the Army. When Gen. Grant agreed with the President, and sent word to the Secretary that he had accepted from the President the position, Mr. Stanton had no choice left. Had Gen. Grant refused to have anything to do with the *arbitrary* and possibly illegal suspension of an officer whose only crime has been fidelity to his duty, Mr. Stanton might have taken another course.—As it was, resistance would have been useless. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

KENTUCKY LOYALTY.

It is a great public misfortune, resulting from the blind intensity of partisanship which sways the great mass of American journals, that one-half of our people are kept in ignorance of the facts which control the political action of the other half. We do not complain that each journal puts forth its best arguments for its own side; we protest only against the suppression of vital, important truth, in ignorance of which the acts and motives of those opposite cannot be understood. The telegraph does somewhat toward the correction of this evil, but it is still flagrant and enormous.

All our people are aware that Kentucky recently elected eight Democrats (so called) to represent her in the Federal House of Representatives, and that—one of these having committed suicide—but one of the seven survivors has as yet been permitted to take his seat, pending an investigation of their right to seats by the standing Committee on Elections? Yet, up to this hour, no Democratic journal has apprised its readers that this exclusion has any other foundation or reason than the fact that the Kentucky claimants are Democrats—therefore obnoxious to the overwhelming majority of either House. How can they fairly judge who are kept in ignorance of the facts?

The Unionists of Kentucky affirm that the party calling itself Democratic in their State is entirely inspired and controlled by the Rebel element—that its eight candidates for Congress were all partisans of the Rebellion, and that several of them owe their election to the votes of paroled prisoners from the surrendered armies of Lee, Johnston, and Kirby Smith. Say, if you will, that this matters not—that these are just as good voters as any others—is it not naked justice that all should be aware of the grounds whereon their admission to seats is resisted?

The Commonwealth (Frankfort) has the following:

"We learn that one of the Rebel Democratic candidates for Representative in this county, in one of his speeches recently, accused his Conservative competitor with having furnished the United States Government with horses to put down the Rebellion. The accused party replied that he "had a contract to furnish horses to the Government; that he had so furnished them; but that he had so arranged the place and time of their delivery as to secure their capture by John Morgan, who was then on a raid in Kentucky."

—This, you may say, is a loyalist's story, which may be unfounded or exaggerated.—Suppose, then, you try your teeth on this, from *The True Kentuckian*, a "Democratic" organ:

A CARD.

As I am informed through reliable sources that it is reported in this community that I was with the Federal army during the war, I wish to pin the lie to it, by making a public denial through your paper; for I was not associated with that army in any capacity during the war, and defy any one to prove the contrary. I am only anxious to deny the reports because I know that they were promulgated by some malicious disposed person or persons, with a view of prejudicing the public against me. (Dr.) J. W. TALBOTT,
Centerville, Kentucky.

We believe Dr. Talbott is the son of a former Democratic member of Congress.

We hope to see the day when *all* Kentuckians, White or Black, and whether loyal or rebel in our great struggle, shall exercise the Right of Suffrage; yet we cannot realize that any hardship is involved in a deliberate scrutiny by the House of the influences whereby the choice of the delegation just returned was effected. Rely on it—were that House Democratic, the new delegation from Tennessee would have a hard road to travel—and we shouldn't wonder at nor greatly lament the circumstance.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Original French Document Arrived.

—"Je certifie que la premiere medaille en or pour les pianos Americaine a ete donnee a l'unanimite a Mr. Steinway, par le Jury de l'Exposition Internationale. Class 10, premiere sur la liste.

Le President:

Georges Kastner,	Melinet,
Ed. Haslick,	Ambroise Thomas,
L. Scheidmayer.	F. A. Gevaret."

TRANSLATION

I certify that the First Gold Medal for American Pianos has been unanimously awarded to Messrs. Steinway by the Jury of the International Exposition.

First on the list in Class X.

President of International Jury.

George Kastner,	Members of the International Jury.
Ambroise Thomas,	
Ed. Haslic,	
F. A. Gevaret,	
L. Scheidmayer,	

The original certificate, together with "the original catalogue of awards," in which the name of STEINWAY & SONS is recorded *first* on the list, can be seen at the Steinways' warerooms, New-York, and *fac-simile* copies of the same at H. Kleber & Bro.'s, the sole agents, warerooms 122 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

The above document settles the question finally and conclusively as to which are the *best* pianos of the world, and which, as such, receive the *first prize* over all others at the Paris Exposition. In view of this decision, which is a fatal blow to the aspirations and pretentions of the contending Boston house (Chickering & Sons), the attempt of the latter to cover up their defeat and divert public attention from the only recognized authorities by ostentatiously parading a monarchial toy conferred *outside* of the Exposition, appears as puerile as it is ineffectual. Although the great popularity and fame of the Steinways is not the result of *medals* (or honorable or dishonorable "crosses") but of the acknowledged *superiority* of their Piano Fortes, yet it is gratifying to know that the highest musical authorities of Europe unite with us in according to them the *first* and *highest* place on the list of the piano manufacturers of the world. —*N. Y. Exchange.*

TELEGRAPHIC.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 26, 1867.

Secretary McCulloch and Randall.

Since sending previous dispatches both Secretary McCulloch and Postmaster General Randall have informed the President that they would at once retire from the Cabinet if he desired. The President made no definite answer, but it is believed he will not accept McCulloch's resignation. Gen. Spinner, and other friends of McCulloch are begging him not to resign.

Conflict Between the President and Grant.

The President in assigning Gen. Hancock to Gen. Sheridan's place, has issued an order making a direct issue with Gen. Grant as to the powers conferred under the Reconstruction act over commanders of military districts. He permits Gen. Hancock to annul or repeal such acts of Gen. Sheridan's administration as he may see fit, without reference to Gen. Grant's recent order assigning Gen. Thomas to that command, and continuing them all in force.

General Sickles Removed.

The President to-night issued the official order, fully anticipated in these dispatches last night, removing Gen. Sickles from the command of the Second Military District, and appointing Maj. Gen. E. R. Canby in his place. The President in the order directs Gen. Grant to make future disposition of Gen. Sickles, and Gen. Canby is required to assume immediate command.

Singular State of Affairs.

There is something rather curious in the relations of the Administration and General Sickles. On Gen. *Grant's* accession to the War Office, Instructions were issued by him to Gen. Sickles not to interfere with the process of the Courts of the United States. It was reported that General Sickles asked a suspension of this order till *he* could be heard from. This his friends deny, but it is reported that he did protest against the enforcement of the order, because instructions had been issued from the Attorney General's office directing the prosecution of all parties who might obstruct the enforcement of the process of the United States Court. Be this as it may, the instructions was withdrawn, and the government stands in the anomalous position of *preventing* the execution of the process of the judiciary through the action of a military subordinate in opposition to the known will of the commander-in-chief, in derogation of the authority of the Circuit Court of the United States, and in direct conflict with the *formally* expressed opinions of the Chief Justice as delivered at Raleigh.

Gen. Hancock to Supercede Sheridan.

The President has also issued an official order to-night, appointing Gen. Hancock to the command of the Fifth Military District in place of Gen. Sheridan, who is directed to proceed at once to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and not come to Washington, as ordered by Gen. Grant in the previous order. Gen. Thomas is ordered to remain in command of the Department of the Cumberland.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Teachers Wanted.

ONE MALE PRINCIPAL AND TWO FEMALE assistants, teachers for Freedom Public School. Election to be on the 11th of September. By order of Board of Directors. ISAAC BLACK,
Freedom, Aug. 26, 1867. Secretary.

Administrator's Notice.—Letters of Administration on the estate of MARTHA A. PATTERSON, wife of Samuel G. Patterson, late of Beaver borough, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said dec'd will make them known without delay.
SAMUEL G. PATTERSON, Adm'r,
Beaver borough.

Bounty Account.—We the undersigned Auditors of Greene township, have examined the account of Joseph Cain, Treasurer of Bounty fund of said township, for the years 1865 and 1866, and find his account as follows:

To am't of money rec'd by said Treasurer,	$13,751 10
By cash paid out,	13,565 64
Balance in Treasury,	$185 46
Amount outstanding bonds,	$18 00

J. M. REED,
A. A. M'COY,
J. B. M'CREADY, } Auditors.

IMPROVED BUCKEYE CIDER MILL AND PRESS

THE M'SHERRY IMPROVED

GRAIN DRILL!

EVERY DRILL WARRANTED TO

Sow Wheat, Rye, Oats, Barley, Timothy and Clover Seed.

Send for descriptive Circular, mailed free.

J. KNOX,

Sole Agent For Western Pa.

137 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Agricultural Implem'ts & Seed.

A full stock of seasonable goods always on hand, such as FANNING MILLS, GRAIN DRILLS, CUTTING BOXES, HAY PRESSES, &c., &c.

aug28'67:3t.

LIME, LIME.

THE undersigned thankful for past favors, takes pleasure in informing the people in Beaver township and vicinity, that he still continues to manufacture and sell the best article of LIME, at the

"POWER LIME KILNS,"

in Vanport, two miles west of Beaver, Pa. All orders promptly and carefully filled. The best of lime made can be bought at my Kilns at 25 cts per bushel.
AMOS DOTT.
jy26'67:3mos.

Rare Chance for Investment.

STOCK, FIXTURES AND GOOD WILL OF A first-class Grocery and Produce Store, situated in the lower part of Allegheny City, Pa.; good location. Sale for the next sixteen thousand five hundred dollars. Rent of Store and dwelling only three hundred and fif

The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, AUGUST 28, 1867.

Local and Miscellaneous.

WM. BENNAM, JR., 54 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for THE ARGUS in that city.

New Advertisements.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day

Seeds, Agricultural Implements, &c.—J. Knox

Teachers' Wanted—Freedom boro.

Estate Notice—Samuel G. Patterson.

Special Notices—Wilson & Stewart.

Special Notices—Wilson & Brown.

Special Notice—I. & J. Bestwick.

Premium List—Agricultural Society.

Bounty Account—Greene township.

Taking Testimony.—On last Thursday a number of depositions were taken before Justice Imbrie, of this place, in a divorce case pending between Thos. Walters and wife. The former is the plaintiff.

Picnic.—On Tuesday of last week, the young people of Hopewell township, this county, had a very large picnic at Logstown Grove. Some 300 couple were present on the occasion. A good time generally was the result.

Opening of the Public School.—On Monday last the public school of this place opened again after a vacation of four weeks. The teachers were absent during the vacation, but are all at their posts again.

Cemetery Lots.—Our readers will bear in mind that to-day (Wednesday, the 28th) another public sale of cemetery lots takes place on the grounds, in this Borough, of the Cemetery Association. Persons desiring to purchase lots should not fail to attend the sale, which takes place at 1 P. M.

Robbery in Rochester.—Some person or persons, unknown, broke into the gunsmith shop of Mr. William Craig, in Rochester, this county, on last Wednesday night, and stole therefrom two double barrelled shot guns, and three revolvers. The shot guns had "Wm. Craig, Rochester, Pa.," stamped upon them. No clue to the robbers.

Camp Meeting at Knox.—The camp meeting at Knox Valley, which commenced on the 15th, closed its exercises on Thursday the 22d.

The attendance during the meeting was quite large, the weather all the while being as favorable as any one could desire.

Prolific.—We noticed last week that on a single vine in McCurdy's garden 178 tomatoes were counted. Since then forty more have been developed. Though this report is an actual fact, it is too big a thing to expect every body to believe!—*Waynesburgh Republican.*

Leg Crushed.—On Thursday morning last, an employee on the Pitts. F. W. and Chicago Railroad, had his leg—near the ankle, horribly smashed near Homewood, in this county, by the cogs of a hand car, which he was helping to work at the time of the accident. It was thought by those who witnessed the casualty that amputation would be necessary.

The Ruth and Little Case.—The case of Ruth and Little, who were Fogler's attorneys in the Dinsmore murder case in Washington county, and who were arraigned by the court and bar of that county for misconduct in the trial, was heard by his Honor, Judge Acheson, yesterday. We have not heard the result, but presume it will end in their being struck from the list of practicing attorneys in that county.

Cider Mills, Grain Drills, &c.—The attention of the readers of this paper is directed to the advertisement in another column, of J. Knox & Co., Pittsburg, Pa., who are extensively engaged in the sale of Seeds, Agricultural and Horticultural Implements, Farm Machinery, &c., &c. Persons wishing anything in their line should give them a call.

A Rise in the River.—On Friday afternoon quite a rise in the river was observable at this place. It came up some 4 feet in a very short time, but commenced falling again the next morning. The rise was occasioned by heavy rains up the Monongahela the day before. It enabled quite a number of Steamboats to "pull out," and consequently river men were pretty active on Saturday morning.

Alleged Horse Thief Arrested.—On last Wednesday, Constable Craven, of New Brighton, arrested and brought to jail a man named Morton, who it is alleged belongs to a gang of horse thieves, operating in Western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio. On the following day the sheriff of Portage county, Ohio, by deputy, had Morton taken away from here, and to that county, where he will be tried on a charge of horse stealing, committed there some time ago. Morton, we understand, was raised near the Beaver and Lawrence county line, in this State.

An ignorant negro in the Shenandoah Valley writes an excellent "hand" with his toes, loads and fires a pistol, shoots accurately with bow and arrow, threads a needle and sews with it.—*Exchange.*

We know a good Democrat who opposes the enfranchisement of the negro on account of his ignorance.—He signs his name thus; his

JOHN × SMITH.

mark.

Salem Republican.

Brought to Jail.—On last Tuesday evening, an inoffensive man named Warner, residing in Bridgewater, was brought to jail. We understand that he is subject to fits of insanity, and during one of these he committed some misdemeanor, for which it was thought best to take him into custody. Shortly after he was brought here, however, a friend came and went into security for appearance at court.

Born Without Legs.—On last Friday evening a man, aged about twenty-five years, without legs, made his appearance in our streets, in a little wagon, drawn by a man employed for that purpose. His arms and hands were also of little or no service to him. His appeal to the people of our town for pecuniary assistance was liberally responded to. He belongs, we believe, either in or near Harrisburg, where it is said he is in possession of property amounting to $15 or $20,000, accumulated by appeals to public sympathy.

The Concert.—The musical concert given by Prof. Johnston's normal class in the M. E. Church of this place on last Friday evening was very well attended, and was indeed a highly creditable performance.—Some fifty or sixty different pieces of music were rendered by the class, and not a jar occurred in either of them. The class, we judge from what we heard and saw at the concert, have made very rapid progress, and it is needless, therefore, to add that Prof. Johnston has labored assiduously and efficiently to "bring them along."

House Burned.—On last Thursday, the dwelling house of Mr. Levi Barnes, in Greene township, this county, was discovered to be on fire. Mr. B. himself was from home at the time, and as no persons were near except his wife and a young girl, but little was accomplished in staying the flames. It was not long, however, until some neighbors arrived, but not until the fire had made such progress as to render it impossible to save the house. It was entirely destroyed, together with all that was within it. We have heard it stated that in addition to the furniture, clothing, &c., burned, some two hundred dollars in money was likewise consumed. The loss is a very severe one to Mr. Barnes.

The State Teachers' Association of Pennsylvania, at its annual session held at Bellefonte, last week, elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—Edward Brooks, of Lancaster.

Vice Presidents—Miss Eliza Bishop, of Harrisburg; Miss Boyce, of Allegheny; Professor Helges, of York; Professor Grant, of Westmoreland.

Secretaries—Professors Harding, of Lancaster, and Eisenhower, of Lehigh.

Treasurer—Amos Rowe, of Lancaster.

Executive Committee—Jones, of Erie; Bartt, of Pittsburgh; Jack, of Westmoreland; Tilp, of Clinton, and Parker, of Philadelphia.

Allentown, the capital of Lehigh county, was selected as the place of next annual meeting.

The Grape "Issue."—We noticed in our local column last week, that Mr. Noble Graham, of Ohio township, had a grape vine this year bearing 1,747 bunches of grapes upon it. This being the heaviest yield then reported, Mr. G. was entitled to and took the "belt" on the grape "issue." Since then, however, we have received a note from Dr. T. J. Chandler, of Rochester, in which he informs us that he has a vine of the Isabella species, planted in 1847, which now bears 1,955 bunches of grapes upon it. This exceeds Mr. Graham's yield 210 bunches, and beats all others that we have heard of this or any other year. If we understood the ceremony, therefore, we would take the "belt" off of Mr. G. and put it on our friend, the Doctor.

Pollard's Lost Cause.—A friend has brought to this office a circular which he found a few days ago, issued by the publishers of Pollard's Lost Cause. In this circular it is stated that the book itself is written "by Edward A. Pollard, of Virginia, editor of the Richmond Examiner during the war, and comprises a full and authentic account of the rise and progress of the late Southern Confederacy—the campaigns, battles, incidents and adventures of the most gigantic struggle of the world's history. Complete in one large royal octavo volume of nearly 800 pages, with twenty-four splendid steel portraits of distinguished Confederate leaders, as follows:" (here follow the names of the twenty-four, among which we may mention Jeff Davis, J. P. Benjamin, H. A. Wise, J. C. Breckenridge, John Slidell, R. E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson, P. G. T. Beauregard, Braxton Bragg, N. B. Forrest, J. B. Hood, John Morgan, &c.) The publishers further state that they—

"Take pleasure in announcing that they have secured the talents of this distinguished Author and Historian, in preparing a work worthy of the theme and the occasion.

The history of the vanquished has too often fallen to the pen of the victor, and to insure justice to the Southern cause, the pen must be taken by some Southern man who is willing to devote his time and his talents to the vindication of his countrymen, in a history which shall challenge the criticism of the intelligent, and invite the attention of all honest inquirers."

It is needless for us to say that the object of this book is to show that the rebellion *should have been a success*. This fact stands out on every page, and no effort is made by the author to conceal it. At the bottom of the circular it is stated that "S. J. Anderson is the agent for Beaver county, and will solicit orders for the above work."

This "S. J. Anderson" is the son of H. B. Anderson, the "Lost Cause" candidate for county treasurer; and as the young gentleman is living with his father, it is safe to conclude that the agency was taken under the parent's direction. If so, the father and Democratic candidate for treasurer is engaged in distributing an argument in favor of dead rebellion, while his Union opponent shows his *loyalty* in the empty sleeve that hangs at his side. Voters, choose you between these men.

In Distress.—Mrs. Pollard, wife of the author of the "Lost Cause," is in Baltimore in distress. She says her husband has deserted her.—*Pittsburgh Commercial of the 24th.*

The attention of Mr. S. J. Anderson, who is the agent for this county for the work above referred to, is respectfully directed to this statement. If he has any funds in his hands realized from the sale of this book, he should hand them over to Mrs. P. at once. We hope to hear of his doing so before many moons wax and wane."

Shooting Affair.—On Monday last an unfortunate shooting affair took place in West New Castle. There was some family difficulty between John Walters and Samuel Smith, brothers-in-law. Mr. Smith had been to Mr. Walters' residence in the morning, and it is stated that an encounter took place between them, when Walters forbid him to return to his premises again; however, Smith did not heed the warning, and at the dinner hour made a second attack upon Mr. Walters, when the latter drew a revolver upon Smith, and shot him in the left shoulder and right elbow. Being pretty severely wounded, he returned to New Castle and had his wounds dressed, at his own residence, by Drs. John W. and Dick. Wallace. The bone in his arm is somewhat shattered—he is as comfortable and doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.—*Lawrence Journal.*

Railroad Accident.—On last Saturday afternoon, while one of the passenger trains on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad was passing east, the engineer suddenly discovered a man laying on the track between Industry and Beaver station. Before seeing him, however, the locomotive had got well nigh to him. "Down breaks," was quickly sounded, and the engine reversed, but all would not do—the locomotive struck him and knocked him some distance from the track. He was immediately picked up, and found to be senseless and to all appearances very badly hurt. He was taken on board of the train, and conveyed to Rochester, where medical attendance was procured. His injuries were about the head, and when brought to Rochester he was bleeding profusely at the mouth, and blood was oozing from both ears. His name was Thomas Reed and his residence is in or near Hookstown, this county. At last accounts he was living and it was supposed his injuries, though severe, would not prove fatal.

Mr. Reed had been in Beaver during the day, and before leaving for home, had passed through Bridgewater and Rochester, where it is said, he had been drinking pretty freely. It is needless to add that he was under the influence of liquor at the time the casualty occurred.

Assault and Battery.—On last Tuesday evening a difficulty occurred a short distance below the Court House, between a young man named Dean, of Wheeling, Va., and a Sanford J. Anderson, of this place. The latter is reported to have called young Dean the foulest names of which he could think, besides speaking very disrespectfully of his mother. Mr. C. A. Griffin, who is the uncle of young Dean, stepped up, and politely asked Anderson to desist in the use of such language in reference to his sister (Dean's mother.) Anderson, instead of stopping, continued the use of his foul language, when Griffin unable to contain himself longer, assaulted him until he promised to behave himself. On the following morning Anderson sued out a warrant for Griffin's arrest. He (Griffin) was afterwards taken before Justice Imbrie, who bound him over for his appearance at court.

In a short time afterwards Anderson was arrested and brought before the same justice for assault and battery, and surety of the peace, on oath of young Dean, above referred to. We wish to take no part between the parties, but it must be evident to almost every person here that this young Mr. Anderson is getting into too many "scrapes" for his present or future welfare.—This is the second time he has been bound over within a very short time, and the general impression is that it should have been the *fifth* or *sixth* instance of the kind.

TO THE FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE IN BEAVER COUNTY.

A Call to Action.

It is known to the citizens of the county that a Resolution was passed at the last session of our State Legislature, requiring the sense of the voters of the county, to be taken upon the question of License to sell intoxicating liquors—the question to be voted upon, on the 2d Tuesday of October next. It is desirable to keep this matter entirely out of the hands of politicians, and to concentrate the whole Temperance energy of the electors, in the effort to suppress the gigantic vice of intemperance; therefore, the undersigned, having been designated by a correspondent of a county paper, for that purpose, and in our ardent desire to see the people liberated from the bondage of this great evil, issue this call. On the 3d day of Sept. ensuing, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., in the Court House of Beaver, there will be held a Mass Convention of the friends of Temperance from all parts of the County. It is proposed to organize for the defeat of Whiskey. Able speakers will be present. The committees of the several Temperance organizations in the County, already appointed with reference to this matter, are requested to meet the undersigned, at the Court House, at 6 o'clock, P. M. of the day above named, that there may be concert of action.

J. J. M'ILLYAR, H. B. BEISEL,
D. P. LOWARY, THOS. M'CREERY,
J. F. DRAVO.

Court.—Court begins its session in this place on Monday. It will continue for two weeks. There is a great amount of business to be brought before it, and we are sorry to add that much of it is of a criminal character. There are quite a number of prisoners in the county jail. These we presume will be "thinned out" as rapidly as possible after the court opens.

MARRIED.

RAYL—LOUTHAN—On the 22d inst., by the Rev. Samuel Patterson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. B. Rayl and Rebecca J. Louthan, both of South Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa.

DIED.

WEAVER—In Vanport, August 7th, of cholera infantum, Kate Etna, only daughter of Captain George and Sallie J. Weaver, aged 11 months.

CALVIN—On the 12th of August, 1867, at the Beaver County Poor House, Baiser Calvin, aged 37 years.

SUTHERLAND—On Saturday, August 13th, 1867, of cholera infantum, Willie, infant son of David R. and Annie Sutherland, aged 1 year and 7 days.

MENDENHALL—At New Brighton, on the 24th inst., Mrs Lydia T. Mendenhall, in the 89 year of her age.

SMITH—On the 27th of August 1867, in Rochester, Pa., Randolph Smith, aged about 21 years.

Hunting Blackberries under Difficulties.

A TRUE STORY.

ED. ARGUS: It was a beautiful morning in August. I remember it well. The villagers were retiring early for it was nearly seven o'clock, and the working men must be at their posts, to begin the toils of the day.—The sun was fairly up, and the tender blades of grass on the hill-sides glistening with dew drops, rose to kiss his cheerful beams.

Eager to be off, I seized my hastily-prepared luncheon, and basket in hand, was soon at the other side of the village, where I found Mr. M. waiting for me, with his little one-horse wagon and two females who proposed to accompany us in our quest for the luscious fruit. One of these proved to be a genuine specimen from *Fuderland*, and the other had but recently lifted her foot from Erin's green sod, and was now seeking her fortune in *Amerikey*.

We were soon on our way to the blackberry fields, distant from the village about 4 miles. After we had ascended the hill that overlooks the village, and had fairly gained the open country, the prospect was quite enchanting. Well cultivated farms stretching as far as the eye could reach, adorned with green fields of blooming corn, and dotted with numerous shocks of outstanding grain, while here and there could be seen groups of merry harvesters, some of whom were singing snatches of familiar songs, afforded a variety that was in the highest degree inspiring. In a little time we had reached the hither side of the field where we hoped to fill our vessels with the coveted fruit. Here we stopped just long enough to allow the women to get out, and enter the field; then we drove on to the woods beyond, and fastened our horse. This done, Mr. M. began scaling the fence, and I was rapidly following, when hark! "Who ordered you to go into that field to pick berries?" came to our startled ears in hoarse and angry tones. Turning quickly round, we saw a deeply excited man in the field just across the way, apparently about sixty years of age. "I say who told you to go in there?" he again demanded. Mr. M. then meekly replied "that no one in particular had ordered us to go in, but supposing there were berries enough for all the people of that vicinity and some to spare, we had ventured to go in without orders." The man across the way then declared that he was the owner of the berry patch, and had to pay enormous taxes, and had n't been able to get one bucket of berries tha yea son, and "pon my soul its too bad!" Stopping to take breath, he continued, "You have been here two or three times before, yes you have, I know your dog." This unfortunate allusion to the *dog*, seemed to touch the feelings of the sensitive brute, who almost immediately lay down in the sand, and rolled over and over again, to disguise his shaggy coat, not relishing the idea of being made the innocent cause of our betrayal. I then asked the old man if he could tell us where to find berries that were free to the public, and that did not come under the title of "forbidden fruit." In a moment his face lost its scowl, as he good naturedly told us to go a little further along the road, and turn down into a narrow lane on the left, and there we would find a "God's plenty of them!" The old man was liberal after all, but it was not till he learned whose ox was to be gored." We immediately summoned the other members of the party, who were already up to their eyes in blackberries, and very loth to leave such interesting surroundings. As we withdrew from the interdicted field, it was with a strong conviction that its owner belonged to the *Nosby school*.

Taking up the line of march, we were soon at the spot indicated by our old friend, and were permitted to work away unmolested, save now and then a youngster in an adjoining field cried out, "We want them berries for ourselves!"

It was now high noon, and we began to think of the luncheon, so Mr. M., and I started in search of some water, which we soon found in a deep valley, not ice-cold by any means, still it was better than none. Seating ourselves under a friendly shade tree we began our repast, which was excellent indeed by reason of our quickened appetites. We had scarcely ended our meal, when looking up we saw Biddy the Irish woman coming down the steep hillside and approaching us, she called out "kin yees tell me where to find some wather?"

Mr. M., in order to have a little fun, said, "Biddy, and how do you like to pick blackberries?" She looked up her face all ablaze with heat, and covered with perspiration, "I wish I was *be hame*, it'll be the last time." Poor Biddy! She had rolled up her sleeves, and her hands and arms were all lacerated by the cruel treacherous briers. Her more philosophical companion had taken the precaution to cover her hands with a pair of old gloves, scorning the maxim that "a cat in gloves catches no mice."

Dinner over, we resumed our work, and were progressing finely, when all at once the sound of thunder burst on our ears, and the angry looking clouds began to send down admonitory drops. We hurried off to our wagon, but to our dismay when we reached it the horse was gone. Whither we knew not. Reader, you can imagine how we felt, if you were ever caught in a similar dilemma. Here we were five miles from home late in the afternoon, our wagon in the middle of the road, two women in the company, a bushel of berries to carry, and the rain falling thick and fast.

But just at this moment, O joy! we espy our horse in a little lane leading to the nearest farm house, and a good hearted lady who had caught him just in the nick of time, is leading him back.

Our faithful dog had gone to the lady and informed her the horse was loose, in the best language his dog-hip could command.

We thought our troubles were now at an end; but in this we were mistaken. Just as we were in the act of hitching our horse to the wagon, we were startled by a shower of angry words, falling about our ears like stones from a meteoric cloud.

Looking up, we saw in the field just over the fence, a man with flashing eyes and mantling cheek gesticulating most violently, the very personification of all the furies, who demanded of Mr. M., if it was true that he had charged him with letting the horse loose, and declared that if he would only come across "the fence," he would settle the matter then and there, by giving him a complete thrashing. It was bad enough to come trespassing on his property, without charging him with such meanness, and he couldn't and wouldn't stand it. It was well for both parties that there was "a fence" between the assailant and assailed, for the attitude of the former was threatening in the extreme and the mishaps of the day had served to make the feelings of the latter slightly *raspish*. But to his credit be it said, he kept as cool as a cucumber, so much so, that the angry man soon dropt down to a temperature more favorable to his health, and good behavior.

We thanked him for his berries, assured him he had been misinformed, and left him with the impression that he was a generous hearted man, but had failed in his efforts at self government. But no wonder as he too belonged to the *Nosby School*.

In a few moments after this unhappy occurrence, we were on our way "homeward bound," nothing of special interest transpired by the way, only as we were descending a little hill, Biddy noticed that the wheel nearest to her, had suspended its revolutions and cried out "Arragh what's the matther wid the wheel, it aint goin roun!" We explained the phenomenon so strange to her, and hurried on through the fast falling rain to our homes in the most beautiful of all the beautiful villages sitting along the banks of the grand Ohio. And now dear reader, as the parties are all living, don't ask any questions, but be content with the light you have, or else go and hunt blackberries as we did, *under difficulties*.

MORAL.—Buy your blackberries, and don't attempt to pick them in your neighbors fields, especially if they belong to the church of the "Noo Dispensashun."

EDITOR ARGUS: I understand that the Commissioners have some hesitation in commencing a suit against Odell, for the $45.50 which he cheated the county out of, on the ground, that having no property of his own, they could not oblige him to refund it. If this is so, let me make a suggestion to them, which is this: If they publish the receipts and expenditures in his paper next year they should oblige him to agree to do it for the same amount paid to the *Argus*, and when the work is done, they should retain from his bill the $45.50 which he now illegally holds for work never performed. If there was any way of recovering the amount by law—if he had goods out of which the money could be made—I would advise a suit for its recovery at once. As this is out of the question, I am in favor of the flank movement above pointed out, and will insist upon the Commissioners executing it.

A. TAXPAYER.

EDITOR ARGUS: Let me say to the Union voters throughout the county that Raccoon township is wide awake, and will do its duty at the coming election. We are all in favor of a Free Railroad law over here, (Democrats as well as Republicans) and as the "Lost Cause" leaders have abandoned that measure, you need not be surprised to hear of a good many rank and file Democrats voting the Union Free Railroad ticket on the 8th of October.

OLD RACCOON.

Rowdyism.

EDITOR ARGUS:—Last Saturday night, occasion called your correspondent to Bridgewater, and while I was there, an incident occurred, of which I was a witness, which I think will bear publication, illustrating as it does the character of some young men residing in that town, to whom the word "rowdy" might properly be applied. As I was passing along the principle street of that little village, my attention was attracted to a considerable crowd of young men, boys and girls, which had collected together near the dry goods store of A. C. Hurst, and wondering at the circumstance, I drew near, and found that they surrounded an undignified specimen of humanity, who, having a tremendous pair of lungs, was loudly extolling the marvelous virtues of a tooth powder, which he offered for sale in quantities at 25 cents each, which lasted for "a whole year!" He had drawn a box of Mr. Hurst's near the middle of the street, on which he had placed a tin box containing his valuable medicine, and had taken his position behind them, with his torch. I stood there a while, listening to his harangue, when I saw some young men start off with the avowed intention of getting the fire engine and giving the street orator a drenching with it. Before many minutes, we heard the rumbling of some kind of car, accompanied by shouts and hurrahs. It went right for Mr. tooth powder man—not caring a bit for the crowd, and letting them get out of the way as best they could, which they did, scattering in all directions—but that individual was "too sharp for them," and just as the car was about dashing over his stand and medicine, he raised his box high in the air and quickly retreated two or three steps, and the car went rushing past. However, poor fellow! he was doomed to misfortune, for hardly had he commenced his speech again, when several young men rushed hastily against him, almost knocking him upon his face, and badly frightening him. He was but too glad to blow out his light, roll the box back to its accustomed place, and retire. Now, Mr. Editor, I don't pretend to defend the tooth powder man, for of course he was nothing but a dishonest vagrant, who might have ruined the teeth of several children whom he wanted to operate upon; but I would call your particular attention to the behavior of the young men spoken of. Don't you think their conduct very reprehensible, and that they are a disgrace to any town? And do you think it strange that robberies are committed in a town lived in by such young men, barber shops broken into so often, and peaceable citizens disturbed? Don't you think that for even this misdemeanor these young men might be arrested for surety of the peace? I think so, and that you will agree with me, that a reform should take place or punishment be inflicted. X.

(We know nothing of the circumstances of which the writer of the above communication speaks, of course, therefore, we are not responsible for the statements he makes.—*Editor Argus.*)

Programme for Teachers Institute.

Select Reading by Miss Sade Reynolds.
Class Drill in Geography by T. J. Risinger.
Essay by Miss Mary McGaffic.
Lecture by Mr. M. B. Welsh.
Reading the Periodical by Miss Nettie Woodrow.
Answering queries from "Query Box."
Queries to be answered at the next Institute.

What causes the tide to rise at opposite points of the earth at the same time?

When can sound be heard the greater distance: when the atmosphere is *dry* or when it is *humid*?

When a wagon wheel is moving forward on the ground, which revolves more rapidly, the *top* or the *bottom*?

GRAMMATICAL DEPARTMENT.

The angle A, with the angles B, and C *forms* the triangle, or should it be *form* the triangle?

Each of the fractions 2-7 and 3-7 has the same denominator; hence, they express parts the same size.

The house looks "nice."

He is younger, but not so active as his friend.

America was discovered by Columbus.

In the last sentence should the verb "was discovered" be parsed as *transitive* or *intransitive*?

N. B. Address all contributions for the "Periodical," to Miss Nettie Woodrow.

Institute to convene at the Public School house, in Beaver Pa., Monday September 2d, at 7 P. M. (Exercises will be interspersed with instrumental music.)

SPECIAL NOTICES.

I. & J. Bestwick have on hand and for sale the Ruby Crystal Palace and Great Republic Stoves. Also a large variety of Grate Fronts and Fenders which they can and will sell as low as any other house. Particular attention paid to Repairing and Job Work of all kinds.

☞ Look out for Wilson & Stewart's Stock of Fall and Winter Boots & Shoes, prices to suit the times

☞ You can get Sugar Cured Hams, English Breakfast Bacon and Shoulders, at Wilson & Brown's.

☞ Best Tea, Coffee and Sugar, always at Wilson and Brown's.

☞ Maple Sugar and Molasses, at Wilson & Brown's.

☞ Watch out for Wilson & Stewart's New arrival of Boots and Shoes, Gaiters &c., to suit the times.

☞ Go to Wilson and Brown's, for nails.

☞ Go to Wilson & Brown's, for anything you may want in the Grocery line.

☞ Leave your order for Groceries, at Wilson & Brown's.

☞ Try Wilson & Brown's Flour.

☞ Don't forget to look out for Wilson & Stewart's fresh arrival of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes; it will be to your interest.

☞ Pure Cider Vinegar, at Wilson & Brown's, warranted.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MY WIFE, MARTHA M. WALTERS, has left my bed and board, and all persons are hereby warned not to trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. THOMAS WALTERS.
aug14'67:3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN WITHEROOM, late, Frankfort boro., Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted, to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.
THOS. NICHOLSON, Executor.
aug7'67:6t. Frankfort boro.

LAUGHING GAS!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN SUFFERING the untold miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. are ready to relieve you by the use of the great pain destroyer—LAUGHING GAS—and make their extraction a source of pleasure rather than of pain.

All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at reasonable terms as by any good Dentist in the county.

☞ Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa.
ja30'67—1y. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

BEST BARGAINS

IN

Dry Goods,
Groceries
and Notions,

TO BE HAD AT

ORR & DAWSON'S,

Third Street, Beaver Penn'a.

CASH PAID FOR WOOL.
aug21'67:ly.

Paris Exposition—Sewing Machine Awards.

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,
Paris, 1867.
COMMISSION IMPERIALE. CAMP-DE-MARS,
16 July, 1867.

Mr. R. Hunting, No. 139 Regent street, London:

DEAR SIR: Replying to your inquiry, I beg to state that the *only Gold Medal* for the manufacture and *perfection of Sewing Machines and Button-hole Machines*, was awarded to Messrs. Wheeler & Wilson of New York.
Yours, respectfully,
HENRY F. Q. D'ALIGNY.

Member of International Jury and reporter of same.

Another letter of the same date:

DEAR SIR: Replying to your inquiry, I herewith give you the list of gold medals awarded in my class:

Dupuis et Dumery, for Screw Shoe-Machines.
Wheeler & Wilson, New York, for the manufacture and perfection of their Sewing-Machines and Button-hole Machines.

There is, also, in the list of *co-operators*, a Gold medal granted to Mr. Elias Howe, Jr., personally, as *Promoteur* of the Sewing Machine.
Respectfully, Yours,
HENRY F. Q. D'ALIGNY.

Reporter of Class No. 57 (Groups No. 6), Member of the International Jury at the Exposition Universelle.

Any person wishing to purchase one of those best Sewing Machines, can be accommodated by calling at my office, one door east of Moore's Drug Store. Having been in the business of selling machines for over two years and made a thorough examination of all Machines of any noteriety, I find that the Wheeler & Wilson Machine is most simple in its construction, easy to understand, easy kept in order, and does a great variety of sewing, and works as well upon heavy as upon light goods. In short, it is the only Machine that gives entire satisfaction.

All orders promptly attended too.
aug21'67:3t. R. S. IMBRIE, Agent.

THE VERY LATEST!

6TH

GRAND OPENING OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

AT

GEALY'S

NEW

Millinery, Trimming

AND

SHOE EMPORIUM!

TWO DOORS BELOW STILES & SHAALENBERGER'S WATER ST., Sign of the RED POST, BRIDGEWATER.

N. B.—I HAVE REMOVED TO THE ROOM formerly occupied by J. M. DICKEY, on Water st., where I will be glad to see all my old customers, and all others favoring me with a call.

I am now receiving a large and splendid Stock of latest Spring Styles of Millinery, Trimmings, &c., &c., which will be sold very cheap.

MILLINERY,

Of every description—Silk and Straw Bonnets, Ladies' and Misses Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, &c., &c.

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds, for Dresses and Sacques, Gimps, Cords Laces, Chenellis, Eugene Ruffles, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELT,

BUCKLES, &c.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gent's & Ladies' Paper Collars.

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, NECK-TIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WHITE SHIRTS, PAPER COLLARS, &c.

Hosiery and Gloves,

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS,

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, VERY CHEAP.

SHOES,

Just received, a large lot, very cheap. Call and see.

MILLINERY.

BONNETS ALTERED AND CLEANED, CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and Making on short notice.

MEN'S SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. MACHINE STITCHING.

CALL AND SEE ME.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

Two doors below Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery Store, sign of the RED POST Waterstreet, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

DRY GOODS!

—AT—

F. A. Fortune's

—IN THE—

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER, PA.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW PRINTS,
NEW DELAINES,
and NEW MUSLINS.

—AT—

Greatly Reduced

PRICES!

NEW MILLINERY GOODS!

HATS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, &c.

Having secured the Agency for the

Empire Sewing Machine

I respectfully solicit an examination of the same by the public.

THIS MACHINE is constructed on a new principle of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and pronounced to be simplicity and perfection combined.

In a mechanical point of view, the advantages we claim for the "EMPIRE MACHINE," are—

1st.—The method of driving the Needle Bar by a compound crank, which produces the same action as heretofore obtained by means of a Cam; but in a more durable and useful manner.

2d.—We use a rotating shaft above the table, and thus are enabled to give all the room required under the arm; without detriment to the durability of Machines; having a bearing directly over the Needle Bar.

3d.—Our Feed Wheel is a friction feed, and so constructed there is but one joint in transmitting the motion from the rock shaft to the wheel, and unlike all others, cannot be effected by oil or dust.

4th.—The Rock Shaft that works the Feed motion also drives the Shuttle. The bearings of this Shaft and Centres are hardened, steel and adjustable, so that we can take up the lost motion at will.

The following are the principal objections urged against Sewing Machines:

1. Excessive fatigue to the operator.
2. Liability to get out of order.
3d. Expense, trouble, and loss of time in repairing.
4. Incapacity to sew every description of material.
5. Disagreeable noise while in operation.

The Empire Sewing Machine is Exempt from all these Objections.

It has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the lock or shuttle stitch, which will neither rip nor ravel, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Nansook Muslin, with cotton, linen, or silk thread, from the coarest to the finest number.

IT HEMS, FELLS, BINDS, BRAIDS, TUCKS, QUILTS, PLAITS, and GATHERS.

Having neither cam nor cog wheel, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and is

Emphatically a Noiseless Machine.

F. A. Fortune's

RED FRONT

Dry Goods Store,

ROCHESTER, PA.

LICENSE NOTICE.

APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE AT SEPT. SESSION 1867.

EATING HOUSE.	
William M'Cown	Darlington boro.
Elizabeth Ripper	St. Clair boro.
Samuel Majors, Jr.	New Sewickley tp.
David Magaw	New Brightonboro.
Nathan M'Cowan	Darlington "
George Berkimer	Rochester "
Thomas M. Johnston	Bridgewater "

aug14'67:3t. JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clk.

Official—Paris Exposition, 1867.

OFFICE OF THE HOWE MACHINE CO.,
629 BROADWAY, N. Y., July 17, 1867.

Advices just received by mail enable us to announce positively that the only gold medal for American sewing machines was awarded to Elias Howe, Jr., as the manufacturer of the best sewing machine that was exhibited. There were eighty-two machines in competition for the prize, and Mr. Howe received the additional award of the Cross of the Legion of Honor, as manufacturer and inventor. The exact wording of the award is as follows:

HOWE MACHINE.	WHEELER & WILSON.
"Co-operateur Elias Howe, Jr., promoteur de la machine pour la machine à boutonniere à coudre, *Medaille d'or.*	"Wheeler & Wilson, Jr., *fabricant de machines à coudre exposant*," which, translated into English, reads: "Mr. Elias Howe, Jr., maker of sewing machines, exhibiting." *Medaille d'or.*

From this it will be seen that the medal awarded to Wheeler & Wilson was for a Buttonhole Machine, *and not for the Sewing Machine.*

MERCHANT TAILOR,

JOSEPH BRAUN,

Bridgewater, Pa.

HAS BEEN CONSTITUTED AGENT OF THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE for Beaver, Butler, and Lawrence counties. He promises to give full satisfaction to all wishing to purchase a Sewing Machine, as he thoroughly understands the Machine, having used it himself for a number of years. The Machine has been greatly improved lately, and he has taken a new interest in them.

This Machine does the finest, as well as the coarsest work.

Persons ordering one of these machines, will be instructed how to set it up, and also instructed by myself or other competent person, how to use it. The Howe Machine is now taking a place in Beaver and vicinity, that which the best of other machines have been excluded.

Persons desiring to see these machines operate, can do so by calling at Mrs. Moore's, at the house of Mrs. Somers, in Beaver Pa., or at the shop of the undersigned in Bridgewater.

JOSEPH BRAUN.
aug14'67:tf.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after April 29, 1867, Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 4:30, P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburgh	8.45 A M	9.30 A M	3.25 P M	2.00 A M
Rochester	8.15	10.40	3.35	3.10
Salem	10.35	12.32 P M	5.26	4.58
Alliance	11.40	1.10	6.20	5.50
Canton	12.54 P M	1.56	7.06	6.38
Massillon	1.25	2.10	7.30	6.40
Orrville	1.58	2.53	8.06	7.15
Wooster	2.18	3.23	8.40	7.46
Mansfield	4.05	5.05	10.14	9.20
Crestline	4.45	5.30	10.45	9.50
	6.00 A M	6.10	11.00	10.00
Bucyrus	6.35	6.40	11.35	10.25
Upper Sandusky	7.19	7.22	12.20 A M	11.00
Forest	7.53	7.55	12.55	11.23
Lima	9.15	9.11	2.16	12.30 P M
Van Wert	10.34	10.20	3.30	1.27
Fort Wayne	12.30 P M	11.45	5.20	3.00
Columbia	1.10	12.30 A M	6.04	3.45
Warsaw	2.00	1.21

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PARTnership heretofore existing between Louis Brehm and Daniel Nelson, is this day dissolved, Mr. D. Nelson retiring from the firm. Any persons having claims against us will present them at once, and those indebted to us, will likewise call to settle their account.

LOUIS BREHM.
DANIEL NELSON,

Rochester, Aug. 7, 1867.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMed a Co-Partnership under the name and style of Buechling & Brehm, for the purpose of continuing the Drug business, at the old stand, in the Diamond, Rochester.

aug24'67:2t. BUECHLING & BREHM.

Shallenberger Bros.

SUCCESSOR TO

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

Bridgewater, Penn'a.

DEALERS IN

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES

Queensware, Hardware,

NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, BACON, FISH, GRAIN,

AND

Country Produce

OF VARIOUS KINDS,

THE WORLD AROUND

THE FIRST PREMIUM
Of a Silver Medal
WAS AWARDED TO
BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at the Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 26, 1866.

BARRETT'S
Vegetable Hair Restoratire

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North, and South.

E. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N. H.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Wholesale Agent.
AGENTS—JOHN MOORE, Beaver: MORGAN CRAIG, New Brighton. [June5'67:6m

J. A. M'GAHAN,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS,

(South side of Main Street,)

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

1y'67.

NEW GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL TO HIS friends and customers for the generous patronage heretofore extended to him, takes pleasure in informing them that he has recently made large additions to his stock, and that he can now sell

Groceries

Of the very best quality, as low as they can be purchased west of Pittsburg. His stock embraces the best of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

And in fact everything in my line that is usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

FEED of all kinds kept on hand; and the best brands of FAMILY FLOUR can always be obtained at my store.

All goods delivered if required.

je19'67:1y. SIMON SNITGER.

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

AT REDUCED PRICES!

OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE AND WARRANTED

PARLOR,
LIBRARY,
DINING ROOM,
and CHAMBER SUITS,

In Every Variety and Style!

SCHOOLS,
HOTELS,
STEAMBOAT,
and PUBLIC BUILDINGS,

FURNISHED ON MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

T. B. YOUNG & CO,
38 & 40 Smithfield strket,
mar20'67:6m Pittsburgh, Pa.

E. A. WILSON.....HARVEY BROWN.

NEW STORE, NEW FIRM

AND

New Groceries.

WILSON & BROWN

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THEIR NUmerous friends and the public generally, that they intend opening a New Grocery Store, on

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

adjoining the Dry Goods Store of A. G. Hurst, on the 5th day of March.

It is their intention of having on hand, at all times, a full assortment of the

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES

and they beg leave to state that they are determined to compete with all other dealers in the town or neighborhood, as their Stock of Goods are all new, and bought at the late great reduction, and selected with the greatest care by Mr. HARVEY BROWN, whose knowledge of the business cannot be questioned, having been with Mr. Arthur Harvey for many years.

They call particular attention to their stock of Teas and Coffee, as they flatter themselves they have something extra to offer as to price and quality.

The best brands of Family Flour always on hand. Produce taken at all times at full market prices. *All goods delivered.*

WILSON & BROWN.

Bridgewater Feb. 27, 1867—1y.

W. A. ROSE, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

TOWN OF ROCHESTER. Prompt attention given to all calls, excepting when professionally engaged.

Office: Adjoining the "Mansion House," in the old Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Depot, Rochester, Pa. [my29'67:tf

Beaver Salt Manufacturing Co.

THIS COMPANY IS NOW MANUFACTURING, and prepared to sell a superior article of salt at their works, on Raccoon Creek, 1½ mile from the Ohio river.

All orders left at the Works, or letters addressed to S. B. French, Beaver, Pa., will receive prompt attention. [jy17'67.]

LAUGHING GAS

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my9'66:tf

C. F. WINTER ..... W. L. BEDISON.

WINTER AND BEDISON,

(SUCCESSORS TO C. F. WINTER,)

DEALERS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver and Plated Wares, Musical Instruments, Notions, &c., &c.

Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Store: Cor. BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS, NEW BRIGHTON, PA. [jan9'67

LUMBER, LUMBER.

THE BEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST CONVEnient place to buy Lumber is at the

SAW AND PLANING MILL

Of WM. DAVIDSON, on the Big Beaver, a half mile above the Bridgewater and Rochester bridge,

IN NORTH BRIDGEWATER,

Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Constantly on hand—a large lot of sawed lumber, timber and logs, lath and shingles. All kinds of lumber planed. A kiln for the drying of lumber attached.

Patrons of this yard are guaranteed satisfaction.

je26'67:tf.

Notice to the Inhabitants of New Brighton and Elsewhere.

I have this day associated with me in the practice of medicine, my son, Dr. W. G. Stewart, office on Bridge street, opposite public square, where we may be consulted at all hours. THOS. STEWART.

JULY 1st, 1867.

Dr. Thos. Stewart having had an experience of ten years in the investigation and treatment of Female disease, and weakness, has at the request of many of his friends, consented to spend Monday's at his office, on Jefferson street, opposite the Methodist Church, New Castle, and Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week, at his office, in New Brighton, where he will almost exclusively devote his attention to the treatment of diseases peculiar to females. Persons wishing to visit the Doctor for consultation or treatment, will find him at his offices as above stated, from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m., where he will wait on them with pleasure.

Those requesting will be furnished with the names of many who have been treated by him.

Correspondents will address the Doctor at New Brighton, Pa., P. O. Box 128, where all communications will receive prompt attention.

july3'67:6mos.

CARPET STORE

Removal.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS

Will remove on March 1st, 1867, from 87 Fourth street, to their new and elegant Warehouse

NO. 51 FIFTH STREET,

ABOVE WOOD ST.,

PITTSBURG,

Built by them expressly for the accommodation of their large and increasing business. Having very superior facilities for business, they will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of all Goods pertaining to the Carpet business, which they offer at Wholesale or Retail to the trade and public at lowest market rates.

mar6'67:1y] McCALLUM BROTHERS.

NEW ARRIVAL

AT

Mulheim's Store,

IN BRIDGEWATER, PA.

25,000 Bolts of WALL PAPER,

Of the Latest Styles and Patterns just received from NEW YORK!

The subscriber again thanks his numerous friends for their former patronage. Anticipating their wants and tastes, I visited New York and closely selected one of the largest stock of

VARIETY GOODS, &C.,

Ever brought to this county, consisting of

Traveling Sacks,	*Ladies' Satchels,*
Fancy Goods,	*Children's Carriages,*
Books, Stationery,	*Carpeting, Oil Cloths.*
Window Blinds,	*Rings, Brushes, &c.,*

All of which I will sell cheaper than they can be purchased for in the city. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

B. MULHEIM,
Bridge Street,
Bridgewater, Pa.

HARDWARE STORE!

J. S. WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS,
BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
MASONS' TOOLS,
SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,
SADDLERS' TOOLS,
PLASTERERS' TOOLS,
MINERS' TOOLS.
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,
LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,
PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,
COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
HORSE SHOES & NAILS,
TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,
CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.
ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, AND PUTTY.

AGENT FOR
EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

jan2,'67.

C. L. WENDT, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST,

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE ON LOCUST ST. between Railroad and Bridge sts. [My1'67:2m

BEAVER FEMALE SEMINARY.

AND

MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

THE FALL TERM OF 14 WEEKS OPENS SEPT. 10 1867. English, Classical, Musical, and Ornamental Departments, provided with the very best Instructors. A lady vocalist, Mrs. King, will give special attention to vocal music.

After so many years of success, we feel it unnecessary to say more than to notify the public of the time of our opening. For Catalogue, address

R. T. TAYLOR,
D. AGNEW, Pres't. Board.

jy31'67:6.

Grape Vines.

G. W. ELLIOT & SONS OFFER FOR SALE very low, this coming autumn, 300,000 Concord & Ives' Seedling Vines. These vines are grown from single eyes of well ripened wood, in broad, open borders, where, having perfect freedom, they make substantial woody roots full of fibre. For several years our stock of vines have been exhausted in the autumn. Those, therefore, who want them should order early.—We also offer a large stock of Peach, Apple, Pear and Cherry Trees; also Strawberries, and all other small fruits and roses; a few thousand also of the following Vines: Ions, Hartford, Prolific, Crevilleng, Rebecca, Aliens, Hybrid, and Isabella. Orders addressed to us will receive prompt attention, and we will send Plants, Vines and Trees in the very best condition. Send for Price List.

OFFICE AND SEED STORE:—No. 109 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. J. W. ELLIOT & SONS,
aug14'67:3m.] Proprietors.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned citizens of Beaver county will apply to the next annual session of the Pennsylvania Legislature for the creation of a corporate body with banking and discounting privileges under the name and style of the "Beaver County Banking and Safe Deposit Association," to be located in Beaver, Beaver county, Pa. The specified object of said Association to be the receiving of deposits in money and valuables, at the risk of the Association, for which a reasonable charge will be made, to be regulated by law, receiving deposits and discounting in accordance with the customs of other banking associations. The amount of capital to be fifty thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing to one hundred thousand dollars.

JOHN BARCLAY, M. S. QUAY, W. W. IRWIN, D. L. IMBRIE, JOHN CAUGHEY, J. S. RUTAN, M. WEYAND, H. RICE, J. C. WILSON, GEO. W. HAMILTON, WM. ORR, GEO. W. DAWSON, I. M. ATKINS, JOHN MOORE, JOHN R. EAKIN, H. B. ANDERSON, D. M'KINNEY, J. WEYAND, J. R. HARBAH.

A. S. HARVEY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

HAS JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Cranberries, Canned Peaches, do Tomatoes, do Green Corn, do Plums, Dried Corn, do Peaches, Pickles, Hominy, Turkey Prunes, Layer Raisins, Seedless Raisins, English Currants, Goshen Cheese, Sweet Potatoes, No. 1 Mackerel.

Also, a prime assortment of Teas, Sugar and Coffee.

Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,
nov28'65 Bridge street, Bridgewater.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 & 28 ST. CLAIR ST.,

Pittsburg, Pa.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
ENAMELED OIL CLOTHS,
TABLE OIL CLOTHS,
STAIR OIL CLOTHS,

Transparent Green Oil Cloth,

for window shades.

Transparent Window Shades,

BUFF HOLLANDS,
SHADE FIXTURES,
TASSELS, CORDS, &c., &c

ALSO, DEALERS IN

India Rubber Machine Belting, Hose, Steam Packing, Casket, Tubing, Cement, Clothing; and Rubber goods generally.

Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Belt Hooks, Rivets, Lubricating Steam Packing, &c.

Agents for the Universal Clothes Wringer.

A general assortment of the above named goods always on hand.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled. [my1'67:6m

E. PENT STEWART.....B. A. WILSON.

SPRING AND SUMMER!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WILSON & STEWART,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFROM THE PUBlic, that they have have just received direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

Ladies', Gent's, Boys' and Children's Boots and Shoes.

GAITERS AND SLIPPERS

All of the latest styles, that have ever been brought to this county, and which they are prepared to sell

AS CHEAP, IF NOT CHEAPER,

Than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.

Thankful for past patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same, and invite purchasers to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We have a shop connected to do all repairing.

All Goods Warranted.

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
apr24'67. ROCHESTER, PA.

DAWSON & RICHARDSON

Beaver Falls, Pa.

HAVE JUST OPENED LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,

NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
NAILS,
DRUGS, &C.

Window Glass all sizes and double strength. Special attention paid to filling orders for large size window glass, &c.

Also,
LINSEED OIL,
CRUDE BURNING OIL,
BENZINE,
COALE'S PATENT DRYER,

Paints of all Colors, Ground, Dry and in Oil.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock of Paints before purchasing elsewhere.

Also, Choice Brands of Flour in Barrel and in Sacks. All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Remember the place, first door above the Cutlery, opposite side of street.

jy10'67:tf.

S. J. CROSS & CO.

SECOND DOOR ABOVE THE R.R.,

NEW YORK STREET,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

A COMPLETE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLIN,
PRINTS, GINGHAMS,
DeLAINE, ALPACCAS,
COBURGS, FRENCH MERINOS,
FLANNELS, Plain and Barred,
WOOL DeLAINES, all Colors,
BLACK SILKS, TIKING,
TABLING, TOWELING,
CHECKS, JEANT,
TWEEDS, SATINETS,
CASIMERES, BROADCLOTH,
CLOAKING,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

Men's and Boys'—a large stock of the latest styles,

BOOTS & SHOES.

Men's, Women's and Children's Gum Shoes, Carpet Shoes, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing.

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Hardware.

A large and well assorted Stock, consisting, in part, of

CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, of all Kinds,

BUILDING HARDWARE, BUTT,
FTRA HINGE, SCREW,
HUTTER HINGE, BOLT,
LOCKS, NAIL, &c.

Window Glass,

Of all Sizes, and Double Strength.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Paid to filling orders of Carpenters, Contractors & Builders, for

HARDWARE,
GLASS AND NAILS,
LINSEED OIL,
BENZINE,
COAT'S PATENT DYER,
PAINTS OF ALL COLORS,
WHITE LEAD,
PUTTY,

GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.

Painters will do well to examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Groceries.

A Fresh and Full supply constantly on hand at very lowest prices.

CHOICE BRANDS OF

FLOUR,

IN BARRELS AND SACKS.

CARBON OIL,
LARD OIL,
QUEENSWARE,
STONE WARE, &c., &c.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

All kinds of grain and country produce taken in exchange for goods.

S. J. CROSS, Conveyancer and Agent of Samuel Simes and the Rochester Land Company.

Remember the place:

CROSS'S STORE,

SECOND BUILDING ABOVE THE RAILROAD,

NEW YORK STREET,

Ro'chester, Pa.

jan2'67:1y

BRIDGEWATER

MARBLE WORKS.

DAVID WOODRUFF, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

Monuments, Head Stones, &c., made to order.

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

jy26'67:1y DAVID WOODRUF.

M. MILLER. W. DOLBY. CHAS. LUKENS.

M. MILLER & CO.,

Rochester Planing ash and Door Mill.

Rochester, Beaver Co., Pa.

(NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT.)

MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN, Planed Lumber, Dressing, Flooring, Siding, Shelving, Doors, Sash, Shutters, &c., &c.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Also proprietors of Clarke & Rhinesmith's Patent Weather Boarding, Patented May 1st, 1866, for the exterior of houses, &c. This siding consists in forming the various strips of boards of a level or tapering shape across its entire width with lower or thicker edge, made with a suitable moulding to impart a neat and finished appearance. Shop rights for the manufacture and use of this siding in Beaver county will be sold reasonably.

Having had much experience in building, and the Lumber business generally added to our new facilities for its manufacture, we feel confidence in inviting our old friends and patrons to call and examine for themselves, before contracting elsewhere. [apr10'67:tf

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP,

In Fallston Beaver County, Pa.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns and styles of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market, among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. There are five sizes of this plow, all of which I manufacture and keep for sale; also "Patent Lever"—right and left—"Mountain King,"—right and left—"Side Hill," and nearly all the different kinds in use.

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES.

Having made several important improvements on the "Climax," by which coal or wood can be supplied without lifting lids, and having two places for pipe, either or both of which can be used at the same time, with a ventilation to the oven, thus having the advantages of a Cooking Stove, Bake oven and Franklin Stove combined. This Stove has been in constant use for twenty years, and many of them after being used for this period of time, are now in good order. There is but a small portion of this stove that ever burns out, and this is easily and cheaply replaced. To make them still more lasting, we are now putting in tile or fire brick lining. Our other patterns are the Enterprise, Keystone and Premium. Parlor Stoves, large and small heating Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Jenny Lind's, &c. Grate and Grate Fronts, Fenders, Iron Railing of various styles, Wagon Boxes, two Irons, Tire Benders, Corn Shellers, Force and Cistern Pumps, Sad Irons, Metal Sinks for kitchen, Sheet Iron and Tinware, always on hand and made to order. In fact, I manufacture and keep for sale, almost everything wanted in the machinery or hardware line.

In addition to our other Stoves, we are now making two new patters, No. 7 and 8, of the Great Republic, which are taking captive, the best cooks and housewives in the country.

Second hand stoves always for sale cheap. Two good new engines, suitable for saw-mill or shop purposes now on hand, and will be sold reasonable.

mar13'67—1y. JOHN THORNILEY.

CRATE A. DICKEY.....E. A. WILSON.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

Bargains!

GRAND CLOSING OUT

OF

Boots and Shoes

IN BEAVER!

WILSON & DICKEY WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the public in general of their intention to close out their extensive stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, to prepare for a Spring Stock, consisting of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

Which will be sold at cost, or below cost, as we are bound to keep up the trade, and that to the entire satisfaction of our customers. *All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
3 doors East of H. B. Anderson's Store,
jan9'67. Beaver, Pa.

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER,

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,

Medicines,

CHEMICALS,

PURE

LIQUORS, WINES

And Brandies,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES,

PATENT MEDICINES

In great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box; Cheesman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest Stock of

LAMPS & LAMP TRIMMINGS, LANTERNS, STATIONERY, WINDOW GLASS & PUTTY.

Ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else.

Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

july1'67 J. MOORE.

DOCTOR A. W. ACHESON,

BEAVER, PENN'A.

In the old "Hugh Anderson Property" on 3d street, a few doors west of the COURT HOUSE.

jy3'67:tf.

BEAVER ACADEMY.

Session 14 Weeks.

THIS INSTITUTION UNDER THE SUCCESSFUL control of Rev. R. T. Taylor A. M., during the past year, will be re-opened the 9th of Sept. 1867. No pains will be spared to advance every pupil to the best possible advantage. Students prepared for any class in College. For particulars address

R. T. TAYLOR.
D. L. DEMPSEY, Pres't. Board.
J. C. WILSON, Sec'y. [jy 31 '67:tf.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

WILSON & UNDERWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

TEAS,

AND

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 15, SOUTH WEST DIAMOND,

(Adjoining Bepler Hotel.)

Allegheny City, Pa.

One of the cheapest and best Wholesale and Retail Stores in the two cities. Call and examine our Stock and Prices. [my29'67:6m

SPRING FASHIONS!

1867.

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

NEW ASSORTMENT MILLINERY WILL BE opened at my old stand, lately occupied by Mr. Gealy, on Thursday, March 14th. I wish to inform my old friends, and as many new ones as will please patronize me, that I am now receiving an entire new stock of Millinery, of the latest Spring Styles, and will be pleased with an early call.

b mar 13'67:1y. MRS. S. REES.

WILL P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

Fashionable Hatters,

No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Between Liberty and Penn Sts., opp. St. Clair Hotel.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

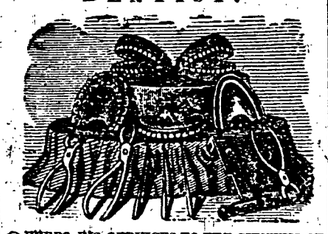
HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS,

Of every style and quality, at the very lowest prices.

may22'67:1y

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.



OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

Artificial Teeth perfectly fitted, Articulated, Shaped, Sized and Colored, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American Vulcanite. Teeth extracted without pain by an entirely new process; no Ether, Chloroform, Nitrous-oxide or any other anæsthetic used in connection with the apparatus.

Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [feb20'67:6m.

DRUGS! DRUGS!!

THE PLACE TO GET ALL THE POPULAR

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c.,

IS AT

JOSEPH M. DEVENNY'S

DRUG STORE,

Broadway, New Brighton.

MIXED PAINTS and PUTTY always on hand.

Physicians Prescriptions

Carefully compounded at all hours of the day and night. [je19'67:3m.

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

For Spring and Summer Wear.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH,
Stewart's Row, Bridge street,
oct10'66—my29'67 Bridgewater, Pa.

UNION

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ROCHESTER, PENNA.,

A. B. SMITH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

MANUFACTURE MOWERS, REAPERS, Railway or Endless Chain, and Lever Power of various sizes, Threshers and Separators, Farm Mills, Cider Mills, Cane Mills and Sorghum Evaporators, Corn Shellers, Dog Powers for Churning, and all other Agricultural Machinery.

REPAIRING AND JOBBING

Of all kinds done on short notice. Machines of any kind built for parties.

Having had an experience of fifteen years in Patents and Patent Business, we are prepared to make Models, Applications, &c., for parties desiring to take out Patents.

Having fitted up our Factory with

NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY,

Selected from the best Eastern makes, in person, and employing none but the best Mechanics, we are prepared to do work in the best style and manner.

Having secured the services of A FIRST CLASS PATTERN MAKER, we are also prepared to make any kind or style of Patterns.

Particular attention paid to Repairing Mowing and Reaping Machines, and machinery in general.

We solicit, and hope by attention and care to merit, the patronage of parties wishing work done. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Address
my29'67:1y A. B. SMITH & CO.
Rochester, Pa.

C. A. Decarme,

MANUFACTURER OF, AND DEALER IN, ALL kinds of CIGARS, TOBACCOS, SNUFFS, &c., &c.—Prices moderate. Motto: Quick sales and small profits.

Shop on the corner, nearly opposite the Post Office, Beaver, Pa. July17,'67.tf.

BEAVER LADIES' SEMINARY.

THE FALL TERM COMMENCES ON THE 9TH of September. It is an advantage to pupils to be present at the beginning of the session.

With rooms freshly painted, papered, and furnished, we can promise suitable accommodations to boarders and classes.

A corps of experienced teachers has been secured.—Prof. Ambuhl has charge of the Musical department.

Believing from long experience, that we can give general satisfaction, we request all interested, to apply for a circular, with the assurance that we will verify it in every particular.

aug17,'67:tf. D. H. A. M'LEAN.

CEMETERY LOTS FOR SALE.

A PUBLIC SALE OF BURIAL LOTS IN BEAVER Cemetery, will take place on the Cemetery grounds, on

WEDNESDAY, August 28th, 1867,

at one o'clock P. M. Persons desirous of purchasing lots in this beautiful Cemetery, will have another opportunity of doing so at public sale. A large number of the lots of various sizes will be offered. Persons desiring to do so can examine the lots and grounds previous to sale. By order of Board of Managers,

HENRY RUPP,
Aug. 7, 1867 Secretary of Board.

Trial List—September Term 1867.

1st MONDAY.

New Brighton Borough	vs.	Charles Coulo
Same	"	Same
George W. Cable, et. al.	"	Thomas Reed,
Samuel Piersol	"	Thomas Neill.

2d MONDAY.

Robert Morgan	vs.	Hugh Anderson.
Hamilton Kinzey & wife	"	Thomas Poe and wife.
Samp. Marker's heirs	"	C. & P. R. R. Co.
Richard Baker	"	Cuningham & Fombelle
Wm. Johnston	"	Walter Johnston.
Haberman & Co.	"	John Graham, et. al.
Jane Hannah	"	Perrin Johnston.
George Keefner	"	Thomas Clark, et. al.
Desota Oil Company	"	David Russell, et. al.
Thomas H. Jackson	"	W. S. Morlan, et. al.
Lewis C. Davis	"	Jacob Penner, et. al.
Same	"	Henry Bunn.
		M. WEYAND,
aug7'67:1t.		Prothonotary.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF LEVARI FAcias and Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Beaver, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, August 31st, 1867,

at 10 o'clock A. M., the following property, to wit:

All right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in, and to the following tract of land, situate in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded north by public road and land of James Carson, east by land of James Carson and other land of defendant, south by Little Beaver Creek, and west by public road and borough of Darlington, containing 129 acres, more or less; the entire farm under fence, about 85 acres cleared, on which are erected a log dwelling house with cellar under it, a frame stable and sheep house. A large orchard of choice fruit trees on the premises.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of R. A. Cochran, at the suit of James M. Imbrie.

No. 2. ALSO,

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in, and to the following piece or lot of ground, situate in Ohioville, Beaver county, Pa., described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a Chestnut and running thence by line of lands of Samuel and Jesse Smith 69½ degrees West, 48 3-10 perches to a stake, thence by lands of Geo. Thomas, South 19½ degrees, West, 29 1-10 perches to a stake, thence North 63 degrees and 55 minutes, East 93-10 perches to a post, thence North 26 degrees, 5 minutes, West, 3 3-10 perches to a post, thence North 70 degrees East, 36 6-10 perches to the chestnut, the place of beginning, containing two acres and 124 perches. There is on the above described premises a frame house or office 16 by 20 feet, two good sectionary Steam Engines and boilers, two Engine houses and one set of boring tools.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Eli Everett, at the suit of Adriuan J. Halderman.

No. 3. ALSO,

At the same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to the following tract of land, in Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., adjoining lands of James Allison and Wm. McLean on the North, lands of Wm. Calvin and Alex Michal on the East, and lands of Samuel Miller on the south and west, containing 125 acres, about 80 acres cleared, on which there is erected a frame dwelling house, with cellar underneath, log barn and out buildings, orchard of good fruit trees on the premises.

Seized and taken in execution, as the property of Samuel Smith, at the suit of John McCarrell.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, } JOHN S. LITTELL, Sh'ff.
Beaver, Aug. 14, '67. }

Register's Notice.

ALL PERSONS INTERESTED IN THE FOLLOWing administration and guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's Office of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1867, for confirmation and allowance.

First and final account of Michael McLaughlin, executor of the last will of Thos. O. Rourke, deceased.

First and final account of Robert Moffitt, administrator of the estate of John Moffit, dec'd.

The account of Jno. Barlow, administrator of the estate of Hannah Jackson, dec'd.

Final account of Philip Cooper, guardian of John A. Wilson, minor child of Seth Wilson, dec'd.

Partial account of Nathan Eakin, administrator of the estate of James Murray, dec'd.

First and final (real and personal) accounts of Margaretta Gillespie, administratrix of the estate of Joseph Gillespie, dec'd.

First and final account of Robert Crawford, administrator of the estate of Sarah Line, dec'd.

The final account of Daniel Agnew, administrator of the estate of Dr. David Mimis, dec'd.

The first and final (real and personal) accounts of Jno. Reeves, executor of the last will of Catherine Rosenberger, dec'd.

First and final account of Thomas Allison, administrator of the estate of Dr. Geo. W. Allison, dec'd.

First and final account of W. H. Bebout and John Reed, executors of the last will of Elizabeth Boren dec'd.

Account of J. C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Sebastian Small, dec'd.

The accounts of Philip L. Grim, guardian of the minor children of John Gorden, dec'd.

The accounts of Peter Barnes, guardian of the minor children of Joseph Shearer, dec'd.

Real estate account of Wm. C. Hunter, administrator of the estate of Joseph Moorhead, dec'd.

First and final account of Joseph Wallace, executor of the last will of James D. Kirkpatrick, dec'd.

Partial account of Elizabeth B. Cuthbertson, administratrix of the estate of John Cuthbertson, dec'd.

Account of Scudder H. Darragh and Chas. B. Hurst, administrators, and Amelia P. Blake, administratrix, of the estate of John Blake, dec'd.

D. SINGLETON, Register.

aug7'67:4t.

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

THE FOLLOWING APPRAISEMENTS UNDER the act of Assembly of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by widows of decedents, to the value of $300, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, and approved *nisi*.

Personal property to amount of $300 retained by widow of John Dounds, dec'd., Thos. Todd, Wm. Dounds, executors.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of John Tennis, dec'd., Samuel Tennis, administrator.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Andrew Thomas, dec'd., Abram Thomas, administrator.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Wm. M'Clelland, dec'd., Frank M'Clelland, Wm. M Clelland, executors.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Abraham Havice, dec'd., Hugh Marshall, administrator.

Personal property to amount of $88 05, retained by widow of Albert Thomas, dec'd., Elizabeth Thomas, administratrix, John Lynch, administrator.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Thomas Middleton, dec'd., Wm. Henry, administrator.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Sylvester Dunham, dec'd., S. J. Cross, administrator.

Personal property to amount of $84 48, retained by widow of John Neely, dec'd., James Neely, administrator.

Personal property, Oil Stock and proceeds of note of Samuel M'Cord, to amount of $300, retained by widow of Thomas M. M'Cord, dec'd., Mrs. B. M'Cord, administratrix.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Hon. B. Adams, dec'd., M. Weyand, executor.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of David Slaughter, dec'd., John Tinsman, administrator, Margaret Slaughter, administratrix.

Personal property to amount of $299 05, retained by widow of Michael Rine, dec'd., Letitia Rine, administratrix.

Personal property to mount of $85 75, and proceeds of sale of real estate, to amount of $214 25, making $300, elected to be retained by the minor children of Smith Miller, dec'd., and for their support, Mariah Miller, guardian.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of John Davis, dec'd., Harvey M'Cown, administrator, Barbara Davis, administratrix.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of John Reed, dec'd., Andrew Watterson, administrator.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Joseph Smith, dec'd., James Dillen, administrator.

Real estate to amount of $275, elected to be retained by widow of Charles Frank, dec'd, Frederick Frank, administrator.

Notice is hereby given to creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested, to appear at the next term of said Court, and not later than third day, being the 4th day of September next, and show cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the above appraisement.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

aug14'67:3t.